# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

# Form 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of August 2024

Commission file number: 001-42124

# **GAUZY LTD.**

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

14 Hathiya Street Tel Aviv, Israel

(Address of principal executive offices)

 $Indicate\ by\ check\ mark\ whether\ the\ registrant\ files\ or\ will\ file\ annual\ reports\ under\ cover\ of\ Form\ 20-F.$ 

Form 20-F ⊠ Form 40-F □

# **CONTENTS**

On August 8, 2024, Gauzy Ltd. (the "Company") issued a press release entitled "Gauzy Ltd. Announces Strong Second Quarter 2024 Results". In addition, on the same day, the Company issued condensed consolidated interim financial statements (unaudited) as of June 30, 2024 together with the Company's Operating and Financial Review and Prospects for the same period.

# **EXHIBIT INDEX**

# Exhibit No.

99.1	Press release titled: "Gauzy Ltd. Announces Strong Second Quarter 2024 Results".
99.2	Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) as of June 30, 2024.
99.3	Operating and Financial Review and Prospects as of June 30, 2024.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Gauzy Ltd.

Date: August 8, 2024 By: /s/ Eyal Peso

Name: Eyal Peso

Title: Chief Executive Officer

#### Gauzy Ltd. Announces Strong Second Quarter 2024 Results

Delivers Revenues at Higher End of Previously Announced Expectations

Aeronautics, Safety Tech and Automotive Demand Drove Strong Double-Digit Growth

Robust Year-to-Date Results and Solid Customer Order Book Reinforce Encouraging Growth Outlook

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, August 8, 2024 -- Gauzy Ltd. (Nasdaq: GAUZ) ("Gauzy" or the "Company"), a global leader of vision and light control technologies, today announced financial results for the second quarter and first half ended June 30, 2024.

# Second Quarter 2024 Highlights (Compared to Second Quarter 2023)

- Revenues of \$24.4 million increased 22.4% compared to \$19.9 million
- Gross margin of 27.0% improved 680 basis points compared to 20.2%
- Net loss of \$23.1 million compared to a net loss of \$18.8 million
- Non-GAAP Adjusted net loss of \$7.8 million compared to an adjusted net loss of \$8.9 million
- Strengthened balance sheet with \$63.7 million of cash and equivalents at quarter end
- Completed initial public offering in June 2024 and began trading on Nasdaq

"We are a global leader of vision and light control technologies, from R&D through manufacturing our products at scale, providing customers with cutting edge solutions across a wide range of end markets", commented Eyal Peso, Gauzy Co-Founder and Chief Executive Officer. "From cockpit and cabin shading in commercial and business aircraft from some of the world's largest OEMs, to replacing mirrors with advanced driver assistance systems on complete transportation systems in entire cities, to glass technologies that improve energy efficiency from cars to buildings, we are aiming to revolutionize mobility and architectural end markets with products that have a meaningful impact on safety and sustainability."

"We are driving impressive backlog growth year-to-date across a diverse range of end markets," Mr. Peso continued. "During the quarter, we were incredibly pleased to increase our market share of global aircraft cockpit shading to 95% for commercial airlines and business jets, expand deployment of our Smart Vision ADAS/CMS system to the transportation systems in over 80 major global metro areas, and exceed 1,000 combined customers across our four segments."

Mr. Peso concluded, "The strong results we delivered for the second quarter of 2024 exceeded our expectations, building on the momentum we brought to our initial public offering in June as we expanded our customer base while continuing to develop and introduce exciting new products. The results also highlight the exceptional growth potential of our business model and put us on track to deliver on our 2024 goals. We believe we are well funded to expand our market leading positions in our aeronautics, automotive, architecture, and safety technology end markets as we strive to deliver superior shareholder value."

#### **Second Quarter 2024 Results**

(Comparisons are to the second quarter of 2023 unless otherwise noted)

Revenues for the second quarter of \$24.4 million increased 22.4% compared to \$19.9 million in the prior year quarter, primarily driven by strength in Aeronautics, Safety Tech and Automotive.

Gross profit for the second quarter of \$6.6 million increased 64.0% compared to \$4.0 million in the prior year quarter. Gross margin for the second quarter increased to 27.0% compared to 20.2% in the prior year quarter, primarily due to higher revenues across a fixed cost base and product mix benefits in Aeronautics, Safety-Tech and Architecture.

Total operating expenses for the second quarter were \$14.5 million, up 13.0% compared to \$12.8 million in the prior year quarter, mainly due to an increase in headcount and investments to support growth, partly offset by a decrease in professional services, subcontractor and material expenses and other services. Total operating expenses include research and development, sales and marketing, and general and administrative expenses.

Net loss for the second quarter of \$23.1 million compared to \$18.8 million in the prior year quarter, mainly due to an increase in operational expenses and financial expenses partly offset by an increase in gross profit.

Non-GAAP Adjusted net loss for the second quarter of \$7.8 million compared to \$8.9 million in the prior year quarter, with the improvement primarily attributable to higher gross profit partly offset by higher operating expenses.

#### **Second Quarter 2024 Segment Performance**

(Comparisons are to the second quarter of 2023 unless otherwise noted)

Aeronautics Segment Results

Aeronautics revenue of \$10.0 million in the second quarter compared to \$7.8 million in the prior year quarter, an increase of 28.5% driven by strong demand broadly across the segment's product lines. Gross profit of \$3.9 million in the second quarter compared to \$2.1 million in the prior year quarter, an increase of 82.9%. Gross margin of 39.0% in the second quarter compared to 27.4% in the prior year period. The increase in gross profit and gross margin reflects the benefit of higher revenues.

Architecture Segment Results

Architecture revenue of \$2.6 million in the second quarter compared to \$3.3 million in the prior year quarter, a decrease of 21.1%, driven by the timing of deliveries relative to full-year purchase orders. Gross profit of \$0.9 million in the second quarter compared to \$1.0 million in the prior year quarter, a decrease of 11.8%. Gross margin of 36.3% in the second quarter compared to 31.2% in the prior year period, driven primarily by product mix benefit.

#### Automotive Segment Results

Automotive revenue of \$0.9 million in the second quarter compared to \$0.5 million in the prior year quarter, an increase of 79.5%. Gross loss of \$0.1 million in the second quarter compared to a gross loss of \$0.1 million in the prior year quarter. Gross margin of (16.2)% in the second quarter compared to (14.2)% in the prior year period. The results reflect the start of serial production at the end of the second quarter of 2023 and its continued ramp to higher expected utilization levels.

#### Safety-Tech Segment Results

Safety-Tech revenue of \$10.8 million in the second quarter compared to \$8.3 million in the prior year quarter, an increase of 30.7% on strong demand across the segment's product lines. Gross profit of \$2.2 million in the second quarter compared to \$1.2 million in the prior year quarter, an increase of 80.0%. Gross margin of 20.6% in the second quarter compared to 15.0% in the prior year period. The increase in gross profit and gross margin was primarily attributable to higher revenues and product mix benefit.

#### Balance Sheet, Liquidity and Cash Flow

In June 2024, Gauzy completed its initial public offering of 4,411,765 ordinary shares, raising approximately \$75 million in gross proceeds prior to deducting underwriting discounts and other offering expenses.

As of June 30, 2024, the Company had cash and equivalents on hand of \$63.7 million, total debt of \$75.6 million, and \$35.0 million of available capacity under its credit line. At quarter end, total liquidity, including cash and cash equivalents on hand and credit line availability, was approximately \$98.7 million.

As of June 30, 2024 the Company had basic and diluted shares outstanding of 18,681,047 ordinary shares.

#### **Conference Call and Webcast:**

Gauzy will host a conference call and webcast to discuss its results for the second quarter and first half ended June 30, 2024 and other information related to its business at 8:30 a.m. Eastern Daylight Time on Thursday, August 8, 2024. The webcast of the conference call can be accessed on the "Investors" section of Gauzy's website at www.investors.gauzy.com. For those unable to access the website, the conference call will be accessible domestically and internationally, by dialing (800) 717-1738 or (646) 307-1865, respectively. Upon dialing in, please request to be connected to the Gauzy earnings conference call. To access the replay of the call, dial (844) 512-2921 (Domestic) or (412) 317-6671 (International) and enter the passcode 1128363.

#### **About Gauzy**

Gauzy Ltd. is a fully-integrated light and vision control company, focused on the research, development, manufacturing, and marketing of vision and light control technologies that are developed to support safe, sustainable, comfortable, and agile user experiences across various industries. Headquartered in Tel Aviv, Israel, the company has additional subsidiaries and entities based in Germany, France, the United States, Canada, China, Singapore, and Dubai. Gauzy serves leading brands in over 30 countries through direct fulfillment and a certified and trained distribution channel.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This press release contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements contained in this press release include, but are not limited to, statements regarding Gauzy's strategic and business plans, technology, relationships, objectives and expectations for its business, growth, the impact of trends on and interest in its business, intellectual property, products and its future results, operations and financial performance and condition and may be identified by the use of words such as "may," "seek," "will," "consider," "likely," "assume," "estimate," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "believe," "do not believe," "aim," "predict," "plan," "project," "continue," "potential," "guidance," "objective," "outlook," "trends," "future," "could," "would," "should," "target," "on track" or their negatives or variations, and similar terminology and words of similar import, generally involve future or forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements reflect Gauzy's current views, plans, or expectations with respect to future events and financial performance. They are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive, and other risks, uncertainties, and contingencies. Forward-looking statements are based on Gauzy's current expectations and are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Further, certain forward-looking statements are based on assumptions as to future events that may not prove to be accurate. For a more detailed description of the risks and uncertainties affecting the Company, reference is made to the Company's reports filed from time to time with the SEC, including, but not limited to, the risks detailed in the Company's prospectus (Registration No. 333-278675), dated June 5, 2024 and filed with the SEC. The inclusion of forward-looking statements in this or any other communication should not be considered as a representation by Gauzy or any other person that current plans or expectations will be achieved. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made, and Gauzy undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments, or otherwise, except as otherwise required by law.

#### **NON-GAAP Disclosure**

In addition to Gauzy's financial results reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("U.S. GAAP"), this press release and the accompanying tables and related presentation materials may contain one or more of the following Non-GAAP financial measures: Adjusted Net Loss, EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Net Loss Margin and Adjusted EBITDA Margin. Gauzy believes that these measures provide useful information about its operating results, enhance the overall understanding of past financial performance and future prospects, and allow for greater transparency with respect to key measures used by management in its financial and operational decision making. Non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as analytical tools and may not be comparable to companies in other industries or within the same industry with similarly titled measures of performance. In addition, these non-GAAP measures should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items. The presentation of this financial information is not intended to be considered as a substitute for the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Investors are encouraged to review the related U.S. GAAP financial measures and the reconciliation of these Non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures and not rely on any single financial measure to evaluate our business.

Adjusted Net Loss. The Company defines Adjusted Net Loss as Net Loss, adjusting for certain financial expenses, the amortization of intangible assets, certain acquisition and debt raising related costs, non-cash fair value adjustments and expenses related to equity-based compensation and doubtful debts.

EBITDA. The Company defines EBITDA as Net Loss, excluding net financial expense, tax expense and depreciation and amortization.

Adjusted EBITDA. The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as EBITDA (as defined above) excluding acquisition-related costs, one-time expenses and equity-based compensation expenses.

Net Loss Margin. The Company defines Net Loss Margin as Net Loss divided by revenue.

Adjusted EBITDA Margin. The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA (as defined above) for the period divided by revenue for the same period.

For more information on the Non-GAAP financial measures, please see the reconciliation tables provided in this press release. The accompanying reconciliation tables have more details on the U.S. GAAP financial measures that are most directly comparable to Non-GAAP financial measures and the related reconciliations between these financial measures.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data)

	Three mor	nded		Six month June		
	2024	2023		2024		2023
REVENUES	\$ 24,409	\$ 19,934	\$	49,138	\$	37,367
Cost of revenues (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	17,323	15,387		35,330		27,675
Depreciation and amortization	494	527		1,001		1,008
TOTAL COST OF REVENUES	17,817	15,914		36,331		28,683
GROSS PROFIT	6,592	4,020		12,807		8,684
<b>Research and development expenses</b> (exclusive of depreciation and amortization reflected below)	4,131	3,836		8,512		7,281
<b>General and administrative expenses</b> (exclusive of depreciation and amortization reflected below)	5,271	3,724		11,400		6,336
<b>Sales and marketing expenses</b> (exclusive of depreciation and amortization reflected below)	4,153	3,831		8,443		6,742
Depreciation and amortization	1,021	860		2,042		1,756
Other expenses (change in fair value of contingent consideration)	(63)	595		(38)		953
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	14,513	12,846		30,359		23,068
OPERATING LOSS	(7,921)	(8,826)		(17,552)		(14,384)
OTHER INCOME	130	4		130		4
INTEREST EXPENSES	(3,212)	(1,994)		(7,659)		(4,936)
OTHER FINANCIAL INCOME (EXPENSES)	 (12,063)	 (7,945)	_	(11,170)	_	(17,950)
FINANCIAL EXPENSES, net (including amount reclassified from OCI reserve)	(15,275)	(9,939)	_	(18,829)	_	(22,886)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX	(23,066)	(18,761)		(36,251)		(37,266)
INCOME TAX	(22)	(41)		(84)		(55)
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	\$ (23,088)	\$ (18,802)	\$	(36,335)	\$	(37,321)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS, net of tax	(27)	556		200		102
NET ACTUARIAL GAIN (LOSS) FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION GAIN (LOSS)	(27)	556		208 (988)		192 807
RECLASSIFICATION OF FAIR VALUE GAIN ON CHANGES OF OWN	(401)	-		(988)		807
CREDIT RISK	4,873	-		4,317		-
FAIR VALUE GAIN (LOSS) ON CHANGES OF OWN CREDIT RISK	(329)	(17)		(5,394)		88
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	4,116	539		(1,857)		1,087
NET COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$ (18,972)	\$ (18,263)	\$	(38,192)	\$	(36,234)
LOSS PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ (2.6)	\$ (4.61)	\$	(5.14)	\$	(10.87)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING USED IN COMPUTATION OF BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE	8,869,691	4,081,757		7,072,950		3,434,028

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data)

	J	June 30, 2024	Dec	cember 31, 2023
Assets CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	63,700	\$	4,575
Restricted cash	Ψ	85	Ψ	130
Trade receivables, net of allowance for credit losses of \$1,293 and \$904 as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023,				
respectively		20,730		19,671
Institutions		8,239		6,926
Inventories		14,899		13,174
Other current assets		4,638		2,045
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		112,291		46,521
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:				
Restricted long term bank deposit		134		127
Restricted investment in marketable securities		3,456		1,932
Operating lease right of use assets		11,105		12,377
Property and equipment, net		22,811		20,530
Other non-current assets		952		1,000
Intangible assets:		,,,_		-,000
Customer relationships		12,937		13,917
Technology		4,604		5,698
Goodwill		20,838		21,550
Other intangible asset		3,972		4,292
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	80,809	_	81,423
TOTAL ASSETS	¢.		¢.	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	193,100	\$	127,944
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Short-term borrowing and current maturities of bank loans	\$	4,116	\$	4,146
Short-term loan relating to factoring arrangements		8,878		10,032
Trade payables		17,572		13,989
Employee related obligations		10,158		8,745
Accrued expenses		6,896		6,767
Deferred revenues		640		742
Current maturities of operating lease liabilities		2,157		2,494
Current maturities of finance lease liabilities		102		240
Acquisition earn-out liability		749		2,997
Current maturities of long-term debt measured under the fair value option (including \$38,675 and \$0 due to related parties as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)		38,675		14,286
Warrants and phantom warrants to purchase ordinary shares		1,531		11,200
Other current liabilities		2,642		448
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_		_	
	_	94,116	_	64,886
<b>LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:</b> Long-term debt measured under the fair value option (including \$0 and \$21,976 due to related parties as of June 30,				
2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)		16,763		30,841
Convertible loans (CLAs) measured under the fair value option (including \$0 and \$9,780 due to related parties, as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)		-		55,940
Long-term bank loan		7,210		7,850
Warrants and phantom warrants to purchase preferred shares		-		21,566
Operating lease liabilities		8,195		9,112
Finance lease liabilities		29		96
Long-term employee related obligations		1,680		1,868
Employee rights upon retirement		1,025		1,208
Other long-term liabilities		718		931
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		35,620		129,412
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES		33,020	_	127,712
TOTAL LIABILITIES	•	120 726	¢	194,298
IVIAL DIADILITIES	\$	129,736	\$	194,298
REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES:				

# REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES:

Convertible Preferred Shares A, A-1, A-2 and A-3 (hereafter "Preferred Shares A") (NIS 0.23 par value per share, 0 and 3,671,937 shares authorized as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, 0 and 2,192,611 issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively);

Convertible Preferred Shares B (NIS 0.23 par value per share, 0 and 439,091 shares authorized as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, 0 and 333,366 issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively);

Convertible Preferred Shares C (NIS 0.23 par value per share, 0 and 2,195,457 shares authorized as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, 0 and 590,059 issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively; aggregate liquidation preference of \$0 and \$9,039 as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)

\$ -	\$	70,537
865		320
273,035		35,134
(2,372)		(515)
(208,164)		(171,830)
\$ 63,364	\$	(136,891)
\$ 193,100	\$	127,944
\$ \$	\$ - 865 273,035 (2,372) (208,164) \$ 63,364	\$ - \$  865 273,035 (2,372) (208,164) \$ 63,364 \$

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

	Six months ende June 30,			ded
		2024		2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	e e	(25, 225)	ø	(27.221)
Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(35,335)	3	(37,321)
Depreciation and amortization		3,043		2,764
Gain from sale and sale of property and equipment, net		(16)		2,704
Unrealized losses (gains) on restricted marketable securities		(1,525)		570
Share-based compensation		3,324		824
Earn-out liability Revaluation		(38)		953
Non-cash financial expenses		18,076		20,126
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Trade receivables		(1,248)		(406)
Other current assets		(103)		(765)
Institutions		(1,408)		(440)
Inventories		(1,872)		(1,054)
Operating lease assets		1,115		981
Other non-current assets		41		(37)
Trade payables		3,756		1,140
Accrued expenses		11		1,330
Payment of Earn-out		(2,210)		-
Other current liabilities		(152)		(109)
Other long-term liabilities		(317)		131
Employee related obligations		1,326		2,627
Employee rights upon retirement		63		- (1.022)
Deferred revenues		(101)		(1,033)
Operating lease liabilities		(1,038)		(1,012)
Net cash used in operating activities		(15,663)		(10,731)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES:				
Purchases of property and equipment		(4,342)		(2,797)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		124		-
Advance on purchase of IP				(2,500)
Net cash used in investing activities		(4,218)		(5,297)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from initial public offering		75,000		_
Underwriters' IPO costs		(6,750)		_
IPO other costs		(1,730)		_
Proceeds from loans and issuance of warrants		(1,755)		114
Payments in respect of bank borrowings		(1,168)		(598)
Proceeds from exercise of options into ordinary shares		12		1
Financial lease payments		(130)		(155)
Payments to short-term loan relating to factoring arrangements, net		(1,059)		(861)
Proceeds from (payment to) of redeemable convertible preferred shares		-		1,316
Settlement of Phantom warrants		(1,500)		-
Proceeds from issuance of convertible loans		11,750		13,646
Proceeds from long-term debt measured under the fair value option, net		29,149		-
Repayment of long-term debt measured under the fair value option		(24,600)		-
Net cash provided by financing activities		78,974		13,463
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH		59,093	_	(2,565)
TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENT ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH		(13)		42
BALANCE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,705		4,696
BALANCE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH AT END OF YEAR	Ф		Φ.	
	\$	63,785	\$	2,173
RECONCILIATION OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH REPORTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	63,700	\$	2,048
Restricted cash	4	85	4	125
TOTAL CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH SHOWN IN STATEMENT OF CASH				123
FLOWS	\$	63,785	\$	2,173
	Ф	05,765	Ψ	2,173

# SEGMENT REVENUE AND GROSS PROFIT

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

Thron	months	andad	Inno	30	2024

10,045 782 3,914 autics 7,816 633 2,140	Architecture 3,329	Automotive 912 (148) nths ended June 30 Automotive 508	Safety tech   10,827     2,232	Total  24,409 886 6,914  Total  19,934				
782 3,914 autics 7,816 633	Three mo Architecture 3,329	(148) nths ended June 30 Automotive	2,232 0, 2023 Safety tech	886 6,914 <b>Total</b>				
3,914  nautics 7,816 633	916 Three mo Architecture 3,329	nths ended June 3	0, 2023 Safety tech	6,914 <b>Total</b>				
7,816 633	Three mo Architecture 3,329	nths ended June 3	0, 2023 Safety tech	Total				
7,816 633	Architecture 3,329	Automotive	Safety tech					
7,816 633	3,329							
633	,	508	8,281	19,934				
	1 029							
2,140	1 020		-	633				
	1,038	(72)	1,240	4,346				
Six months anded June 20, 2024								
				Total				
20,181	5,255	2,218	21,484	49,138				
1,761	104	-	-	1,865				
8,549	1,676	(533)	3,761	13,453				
Six months ended June 30, 2023								
autics	Architecture	Automotive	Safety tech	Total				
14,811	6,345	658	15,553	37,367				
633	-	-	-	633				
4,743	2,071	(116)	2,630	9,328				
	20,181 1,761 8,549 nautics 14,811 633	Six months   Six months	Six months ended June 30,	Six months ended June 30, 2024     Safety tech   20,181   5,255   2,218   21,484     1,761   104   -   -     8,549   1,676   (533)   3,761     Six months ended June 30, 2023     Sate of the control o				

8

# RECONCILIATION OF U.S. GAAP NET LOSS TO NON-GAAP ADJUSTED NET LOSS

(unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in thousands of USD)		2024	2023		2024	2023	
Net Loss	\$	(23,087)	(18,802)	\$	(36,334)	(37,321)	
Other financial (income) expenses	\$	12,062	7,945	\$	11,169	17,950	
Purchase price accounting amortization	\$	823	824	\$	1,653	1,648	
Acquisition related costs and debt raising costs	\$	852	40	\$	2,183	65	
Non-cash fair value adjustments <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	(63)	595	\$	(38)	953	
One-time expense (income)	\$	(130)	66	\$	(130)	116	
Equity-based compensation expense	\$	1,165	402	\$	3,325	824	
Doubtful debt expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	553	10	\$	389	(3)	
Adjusted Net Loss		(7,825)	(8,920)		(17,783)	(15,786)	

(1) One-time expenses related to the Earn Out Agreement with the Sellers.

(2) Doubtful debt expenses related to accounts receivable that we do not expect to collect; such amounts are not included in our net trade receivables.

# **GAUZY LTD.**RECONCILIATION OF U.S. GAAP NET LOSS TO NON-GAAP ADJUSTED EBITDA (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in thousands of USD)		2024	2023		2024	2023		
Net Loss	\$	(23,087)	(18,802)	\$	(36,334)	(37,321)		
Income tax expense (income)	\$	22	41	\$	84	55		
Financial (income) expenses, net	\$	15,274	9,939	\$	18,828	22,886		
Depreciation and amortization	\$	1,515	1,387	\$	3,043	2,764		
EBITDA	\$	(6,276)	(7,436)	\$	(14,379)	(11,616)		
Acquisition related costs and debt raising costs	\$	852	40	\$	2,182	65		
Non-cash fair value adjustments <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	(63)	595	\$	(38)	953		
Equity-based compensation expense	\$	1,165	402	\$	3,325	824		
Doubtful debt expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	553	10	\$	389	(3)		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(3,899)	(6,323)	\$	(8,651)	(9,661)		
Net Loss Margin		(95)%	(94)%	ó	(74)%	(100)%		
Adjusted EBITDA Margin		(16)%	(32)%	ó	(18)%	(26)%		

(1) One-time expenses related to the Earn Out Agreement with the Sellers.

(2) Doubtful debt expenses related to accounts receivable that we do not expect to collect; such amounts are not included in our net trade receivables.

# Contacts

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# GAUZY LTD. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

_	Page
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023	F-2 - F-4
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 and	
<u>2023</u>	F-5
<u>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (Capital Deficiency) for Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2024</u>	
and 2023	F-6 - F-7
Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023	F-8 - F-9
Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	F-10 - F-24
The amounts are stated in U.S. dollars in thousands except share data	
F-1	

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited) (U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data)

June 30, December 31, 2024 2023 Assets **CURRENT ASSETS:** Cash and cash equivalents \$ 63,700 4,575 Restricted cash 85 130 Trade receivables, net of allowance for credit losses of \$1,293 and \$904 as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, 19,671 20,730 respectively Institutions 8,239 6,926 14,899 13,174 Inventories Other current assets 4,638 2,045

TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	112,291	46,521
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:		
Restricted long term bank deposit	134	127
Restricted investment in marketable securities	3,456	1,932
Operating lease right of use assets	11,105	12,377
Property and equipment, net	22,811	20,530
Other non-current assets	952	1,000
Intangible assets:		
Customer relationships	12,937	13,917
Technology	4,604	5,698
Goodwill	20,838	21,550
Other intangible asset	3,972	4,292
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	80,809	81,423
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 193,100	\$ 127,944

# GAUZY LTD. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited) - (continued) (U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data)

Liabilities, redeemable convertible preferred shares and shareholders' equity (capital deficiency)		June 30, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Short-term borrowing and current maturities of bank loans	\$	4,116	\$	4,146
Short-term loan relating to factoring arrangements		8,878		10,032
Trade payables		17,572		13,989
Employee related obligations		10,158		8,745
Accrued expenses		6,896		6,767
Deferred revenues		640		742
Current maturities of operating lease liabilities		2,157		2,494
Current maturities of finance lease liabilities		102		240
Acquisition earn-out liability		749		2,997
Current maturities of long-term debt measured under the fair value option (including \$38,675 and \$0 due to related				
parties as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)		38,675		14,286
Warrants and phantom warrants to purchase ordinary shares		1,531		-
Other current liabilities		2,642		448
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		94,116		64,886
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:				
Long-term debt measured under the fair value option (including \$0 and \$21,976 due to related parties as of June 30,				
2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)		16,763		30,841
Convertible loans (CLAs) measured under the fair value option (including \$0 and \$9,780 due to related parties, as of				
June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)		-		55,940
Long-term bank loan		7,210		7,850
Warrants and phantom warrants to purchase preferred shares		-		21,566
Operating lease liabilities		8,195		9,112
Finance lease liabilities		29		96
Long-term employee related obligations		1,680		1,868
Employee rights upon retirement		1,025		1,208
Other long-term liabilities		718		931
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		35,620		129,412
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	129,736	\$	194,298
	-	- ,	<u> </u>	- ,
F-3				

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited) - (continued) (U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data)

	J	une 30, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023
REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES:				
Convertible Preferred Shares A, A-1, A-2 and A-3 (hereafter "Preferred Shares A") (NIS 0.23 par value per share, 0 and				
3,671,937 shares authorized as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, 0 and 2,192,611 issued and outstanding as of				
June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively);				
Convertible Preferred Shares B (NIS 0.23 par value per share, 0 and 439,091 shares authorized as of June 30, 2024 and				
December 31, 2023, 0 and 333,366 issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively);				
Convertible Preferred Shares C (NIS 0.23 par value per share, 0 and 2,195,457 shares authorized as of June 30, 2024 and				
December 31, 2023, 0 and 590,059 issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively;				
aggregate liquidation preference of \$0 and \$9,039 as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively)				
Convertible Preferred Shares D (NIS 0.23 par value per share, 0 and 2,195,457 shares authorized as of June 30, 2024 and				
December 31, 2023 respectively, 0 and 1,587,881 issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023,				
respectively; aggregate liquidation preference of \$0 and \$64,152 as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023)  TOTAL REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES	Ф		Ф	70.527
	)		2	70,537
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CAPITAL DEFICIENCY):				
Ordinary shares (No par value per shares, 34,930,909 and NIS 0.23 par value per shares 14,269,282 shares authorized as				
of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 respectively; 18,681,047 and 5,276,184 shares issued and outstanding as of		0.65		220
June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023)		865		320
Additional paid-in capital		273,035		35,134
Other comprehensive loss		(2,372)		(515)
Accumulated deficit		(208,164)		(171,830)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CAPITAL DEFICIENCY)	\$	63,364	\$	(136,891)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CAPITAL DEFICIENCY)	\$	193,100	\$	127,944

The above share information has been adjusted to reflect the share split as discussed in Note 2(h).

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (unaudited) (U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data)

	Three months ended June 30,			ended	Six months ended June 30,			
		2024		2023		2024		2023
REVENUES	\$	24,409	\$	19,934	\$	49,138	\$	37,367
Cost of revenues (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)		17,323		15,387		35,330		27,675
Depreciation and amortization		494		527		1,001		1,008
TOTAL COST OF REVENUES		17,817		15,914		36,331		28,683
GROSS PROFIT		6,592		4,020		12,807		8,684
Research and development expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization reflected below)		4,131		3,836		8,512		7,281
General and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization		.,		2,020		-,		,,
reflected below)		5,271		3,724		11,400		6,336
Sales and marketing expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization reflected		-						
below)		4,153		3,831		8,443		6,742
Depreciation and amortization		1,021		860		2,042		1,756
Other expenses (change in fair value of contingent consideration)		(63)		595		(38)		953
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		14,513		12,846		30,359		23,068
OPERATING LOSS		(7,921)		(8,826)		(17,552)		(14,384)
OTHER INCOME		130		4		130		4
INTEREST EXPENSES		(3,212)		(1,994)		(7,659)		(4,936)
OTHER FINANCIAL INCOME (EXPENSES)		(12,062)		(7,945)		(11,169)		(17,950)
FINANCIAL EXPENSES, net (including amount reclassified from OCI reserve)		(15,274)		(9,939)		(18,828)		(22,886)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX		(23,065)		(18,761)		(36,250)		(37,266)
INCOME TAX		(22)		(41)		(84)		(55)
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	\$	(23,087)	\$	(18,802)	\$	(36,334)	\$	(37,321)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS, net of tax								
NET ACTUARIAL GAIN (LOSS)		(27)		556		208		192
FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION GAIN (LOSS)		(401)		-		(988)		807
RECLASSIFICATION OF FAIR VALUE GAIN ON CHANGES OF OWN								
CREDIT RISK		4,873		-		4,317		-
FAIR VALUE GAIN (LOSS) ON CHANGES OF OWN CREDIT RISK		(329)		(17)	_	(5,394)		88
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		4,116		539	_	(1,857)		1,087
NET COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$	(18,971)	\$	(18,263)	\$	(38,191)	\$	(36,234)
LOSS PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED	\$	(2.60)	\$	(4.61)	\$	(5.14)	\$	(10.87)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING USED IN								
COMPUTATION OF BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE		8,869,691	_	4,081,757	_	7,072,950	_	3,434,028

The above share information has been adjusted to reflect the share split as discussed in Note 2(h).

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CAPITAL DEFICIENCY) (Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except per share data)

			Redeemah	le Convert	ible Preferr	ed Shares						Accumulated		
	Conver Preferred	rtible Shares A	Conve Preferred	rtible Shares B	Conver Preferred S	tible Shares C	Conver	Shares D	Ordinary		Additional paid-in	other comprehensive		Total capital
BALANCE AT	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	capital	Income (loss)	deficit	deficiency
JANUARY 1, 2024	2,192,611	¢ 15 606	222 266	\$ 2,292	500.050	¢ 9067	1 507 001	¢ 42 502	5 276 194	e 220	© 25 124	¢ (515)	¢ (171.920)	\$ (136,891)
CHANGES	2,192,011	\$ 13,080	333,300	\$ 2,292	590,059	\$ 6,907	1,587,881	\$ 43,392	5,276,184	\$ 320	\$ 35,134	\$ (515)	\$ (1/1,630)	\$ (130,891)
DURING THE														
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE														
30, 2024														
Exercise of options and														
warrants into														
Ordinary Shares									196,851	12	443			455
Conversion of									,					
preferred shares to														
Ordinary														
Shares prior IPO							(10,599)	(296)	10,599	1	295			296
Issuance of							(==,===)	(=, 0)	,					_, ,
Ordinary Shares														
following														
initial public offering, net of														
offering costs									4,411,765	-	66,335			66,335
Classification of warrants to														
equity											28,225			28,225
Conversion of CLAs to														
Ordinary Shares									4,092,330	246	69,324			69,570
Conversion of									4,092,330	240	09,324			09,570
preferred shares to														
Ordinary														
Shares following the														
IPO	(2,192,611)	(15,686)	(333,366)	(2,292)	(590,059)	(8,967)	(1,577,282)	(43,296)	4,693,318	286	69,955			70,241
Share-based compensation											3,324			3,324
Other											3,321			5,52.
comprehensive loss	:											(1,857)		(1,857)
Net loss													(36,334)	(36,334)
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2024		¢		c		c		e	10 601 047	e 965	\$ 273.035	¢ (2.272)	¢ (200.164)	¢ 62.264
0011200,2021		3 -		3 -		3 -		<u> </u>	18,681,047	\$ 865	\$ 273,035	\$ (2,372)	\$ (208,164)	\$ 63,364
BALANCE AT														
JANUARY 1, 2023	3,653,293	\$ 25 123	333 366	\$ 2.292	1,522,531	\$ 23 253	1,618,903	\$ 44 451	2,786,412	\$ 164	\$ 6,952	\$ (1,742)	\$ (92.563)	\$ (87,189)
CHANGES	3,033,273	\$ 23,123	333,300	\$ 2,272	1,322,331	\$ 25,255	1,010,703	ψ <del>-11,131</del>	2,700,412	ŷ 10 <del>1</del>	\$ 0,752	ψ (1,/42)	\$ (72,303)	\$ (67,167)
DURING THE SIX MONTHS														
ENDED June														
<b>30, 2023</b> Exercise of														
options and														
warrants Conversion of									8,549	1				1
preferred														
shares to ordinary														
shares	(1,460,682)	(9,437)			(932,472)	(14,286)	(73,363)	(2,046)	2,466,517	154	25,615			25,769
Issuance of preferred														
shares, net of														
issuance expenses							42,341	1,187						
Other comprehensive														
income (loss)												1,087		1,087
Share-based compensation											824			824
Net loss											024		(37,321)	(37,321)
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2023	0.100.00	0.15.505	222.25	0.000	500.050	e 00:=	1.505.00:	n 42 505	5.061 :=5	0 2:5	Ф. 22.22	Φ (5.7.5)	e (120 cc ::	Ф. (OC 022)
JUINE 30, 2023	2,192,611	\$ 15,686	333,366	\$ 2,292	590,059	\$ 8,967	1,587,881	\$ 43,592	5,261,478	\$ 319	\$ 33,391	\$ (655)	\$ (129,884)	\$ (96,829)

<sup>\*</sup> Less than \$1 thousands

The above share information has been adjusted to reflect the share split as discussed in Note 2(h).

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CAPITAL DEFICIENCY) (Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except per share data)

			Redeemabl	e Convert	ible Preferi	red Shares						Accumulated		
	Conve	rtible	Conve	tible	Conve	rtible	Conve		01!	-1	Additional			Total
	Preferred Shares	Amount	Preferred S Shares	Amount	Preferred Shares	Amount	Preferred Shares	Amount	Ordinary Shares	Amount	paid-in capital	comprehensive Income (loss)	deficit	capital deficiency
BALANCE AT APRIL 1, 2024	2,192,611					\$ 8,967		£ 42.502						\$ (153,951)
CHANGES	2,192,011	\$ 13,080	333,366	\$ 2,292	390,039	\$ 0,907	1,367,661	\$ 43,592	5,277,268	\$ 320	\$ 37,294	\$ (6,488)	\$ (185,077)	\$ (133,931)
DURING THE THREE														
MONTHS														
ENDED JUNE 30, 2024														
Exercise of options and														
warrants into														
Ordinary Shares									195,767	12	443			455
Conversion of preferred														
shares to														
Ordinary Shares prior														
IPO Issuance of							(10,599)	(296)	10,599	1	295			296
Ordinary														
Shares following														
initial public offering, net of														
offering costs									4,411,765	-	66,335			66,335
Classification of warrants to														
equity Conversion of											28,225			28,225
CLAs to														
Ordinary Shares									4,092,330	246	69,324			69,570
Conversion of preferred														
shares to														
Ordinary Shares														
following the IPO	(2 192 611	(15.686)	(333,366)	(2 292)	(590,059)	(8 967)	(1 577 282	(43.296)	4,693,318	286	69,955			70,241
Share-based	(2,1)2,011	(15,000)	(333,300)	(2,2)2)	(370,037)	(0,707)	(1,577,202)	(15,270)	1,075,510	200				
compensation Other											1,164			1,164
comprehensive loss												4,116		4,116
Net loss												.,,,,,	(23,087)	(23,087)
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2024	_	\$ -	_	\$ -	_	\$ -	_	\$ -	18,681,047	\$ 865	\$ 273,035	\$ (2,372)	\$ (208,164)	\$ 63,364
		<u> </u>		Ψ -		<b>4</b>		Φ -	10,001,047	<u> </u>	\$ 275,055	(2,372)	(200,104)	\$ 05,504
BALANCE AT APRIL 1, 2023														
CHANGES	3,653,293	\$ 25,123	333,366	\$ 2,292	1,522,531	\$ 23,253	1,661,244	\$ 45,638	2,793,645	\$ 165	\$ 7,374	\$ (1,194)	\$ (111,082)	\$ (104,737)
DURING THE THREE														
MONTHS														
ENDED June 30, 2023														
Exercise of options and														
warrants									1,317	*				*
Conversion of preferred														
shares to ordinary														
shares	(1,460,682)	(9,437)			(932,472)	(14,286)	(73,363)	(2,046)	2,466,517	154	25,615			25,769
Other comprehensive														
income (loss) Share-based												539		539
compensation											402			402
Net loss													(18,802)	(18,802)
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2023	2.192.611	\$ 15,686	333,366	\$ 2,292	590,059	\$ 8,967	1,587,881	\$ 43 592	5,261,478	\$ 319	\$ 33,391	<b>\$</b> (655)	\$ (129,884)	<u>\$ (96,829</u> )
		, 10,000	222,500	,-,-	2,0,007	, 5,,,,,,,,,	1,2 37,001	,,.,2	2,221,170			(033)	(-27,001)	. (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

<sup>\*</sup> Less than \$1 thousands

The above share information has been adjusted to reflect the share split as discussed in Note 2(h).

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

	Six months e June 30	nded
	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	(25.22.1)	(27.224)
Net loss	\$ (36,334) \$	(37,321)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	2.010	
Depreciation and amortization	3,043	2,764
Gain from sale and sale of property and equipment, net	(16)	-
Unrealized losses (gains) on restricted marketable securities	(1,525)	570
Share-based compensation	3,324	824
Earn-out liability Revaluation	(38)	953
Non-cash financial expenses	18,075	20,126
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Trade receivables	(1,248)	(406)
Other current assets	(103)	(765)
Institutions	(1,408)	(440)
Inventories	(1,872)	(1,054)
Operating lease assets	1,115	981
Other non-current assets	41	(37)
Trade payables	3,756	1,140
Accrued expenses	11	1,330
Payment of Earn-out	(2,210)	-
Other current liabilities	(317)	(109)
Other long-term liabilities	(207)	131
Employee related obligations	1,326	2,627
Employee rights upon retirement	63	_,=_,
Deferred revenues	(101)	(1,033)
Operating lease liabilities	(1,038)	(1,012)
Net cash used in operating activities	(15,663)	
Net cash used in operating activities	(13,003)	(10,731)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(4,342)	(2,797)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	124	( ,)
Advance on purchase of IP	<u>-</u>	(2,500)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,218)	(5,297)
Net eash used in investing activities	(4,216)	(3,291)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from initial public offering	75.000	_
Underwriters' IPO costs	(6,750)	_
IPO other costs	(1,730)	_
Proceeds from loans and issuance of warrants	(1,730)	114
Payments in respect of bank borrowings	(1,168)	(598)
Proceeds from exercise of options into ordinary shares	12	(370)
Financial lease payments	(130)	(155)
Payments to short-term loan relating to factoring arrangements, net	(1,059)	(861)
Proceeds from (payment to) of redeemable convertible preferred shares	(1,039)	1,316
Settlement of Phantom warrants	(1,500)	1,310
		12 646
Proceeds from issuance of convertible loans	11,750	13,646
Proceeds from long-term debt measured under the fair value option, net	29,149	-
Repayment of long-term debt measured under the fair value option	(24,600)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	78,974	13,463

# $CONSOLIDATED\ STATEMENTS\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS-(Continued)$

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

Six months ended June 30

		June	e 30			
	1	2024		2023		
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH		59,093		(2,565)		
TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENT ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH		(13)		42		
BALANCE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,705		4,696		
BALANCE OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$	63,785	\$	2,173		
RECONCILIATION OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH REPORTED IN THE						
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	63,700	\$	2,048		
Restricted cash		85		125		
TOTAL CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH SHOWN IN STATEMENT OF CASH						
FLOWS	\$	63,785	\$	2,173		
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES NOT INVOLVING						
CASH FLOWS:						
Purchases of property and equipment	\$		\$	81		
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations: Operating leases	\$	101	\$	131		
Conversion of preferred share to Ordinary shares	\$	70,537	\$	25,769		
Conversion of CLAs to Ordinary shares	\$	69,570	\$	-		
Exercise of warrants	\$	443	\$	-		
Reclass of warrants to Additional paid in capital	\$	28,225	\$	-		
IPO costs	\$	185	\$	-		
Sale of property and equipment	\$	67	\$	_		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:						
Interest paid	\$	1,679	\$	2,239		
Income taxes paid	\$	16	\$	381		

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

#### **NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS:**

a. Gauzy Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated in Israel in 2009. The Company is engaged in the development, manufacturing and supply of technologies for operating and control of complex materials. On June 6, 2024, the Company's ordinary shares began trading on the NASDAQ Global Market under the symbol "GAUZ", see Note 1(b).

The Company has wholly owned subsidiaries in the United States of America (the "U.S. Subsidiary"), in Germany (the "German Subsidiary") and in China (the "Chinese Subsidiary"). The Company established a branch in South Korea. As of June 30, 2024 there has been no activity in the branch.

On January 26, 2022, the Company obtained control of Vision Lite SAS, a French société par actions simplifiée which is referred to hereinafter as, "Vision". The Company and Vision together defined as - "the Group". Vision is engaged in the aeronautics, automotive, railway and marine industries. See Note 3 in the 2023 annual financial statements.

**b.** Initial Public Offering and Private Placement:

On June 7, 2024, the Company closed its initial public offering (IPO), in which it issued and sold 4,411,765 shares of ordinary shares at an IPO price \$17.00 per share, resulting in net proceeds of \$68.25 million after deducting \$6.75 million of underwriting discounts and commissions.

The underwriters were granted an option, exercisable for a period of 30 days from the pricing date of the IPO, to purchase up to 661,765 additional ordinary shares. This option expired unexercised in July 2024. In connection with the IPO:

- all of the shares of convertible preferred shares outstanding automatically converted into an aggregate of 4,693,318 shares of ordinary shares;
- 57,678 warrants were converted into an aggregate of 24,630 ordinary shares by cashless exercise; 4,127,467 warrants that became convertible to ordinary shares (instead of preferred shares) were reclassified from liabilities to equity, (see Note 2(a)); As of June 30, 2024, 9,971 outstanding warrants that became convertible to ordinary shares following the IPO remain as liability following their terms (see Note 3(a));
- outstanding convertible loans and accrued interest totaling to \$69.57 million converted into 4,092,330 ordinary shares based on the IPO price of \$17.00 per share; and
- under the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, the 2024 Note Purchasers exercised their commitment to purchase 882,353 ordinary shares and 137,040 warrants to ordinary shares in an amount of \$15.0 million at \$17.00 per share in a concurrent private placement.

Offering costs consist primarily of accounting, legal, and other fees related to the IPO. Prior to the IPO, no deferred offering costs were capitalized in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. A total of \$1.9 million of offering costs along with underwriters' fees totaling to \$6.75 million, were recognized in shareholders' equity as a reduction of the IPO proceeds in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

#### **NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS (continued):**

- c. As of June 30, 2024, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$208,164. During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company incurred operating losses of \$17,552 and had negative cash flows from operating activities of \$15,663. The Company has financed its operations mainly through the consummation of the IPO in June 2024, see Note 1(b) above, conversion CLAs and redeemable convertible preferred shares to equity following the IPO, issuance of shares through private financing rounds, debt financing, warrants and Note Purchase Agreement (NPA), refer to Notes 9, 14, 15 and 22 in the 2023 annual financial statements. In January 2024, the Group entered into an additional note purchase agreement, the 2024 NPA, see Note 3(a). In accordance with Group's management assessment its existing cash and cash equivalents, the credit facility (NPA) and the 2024 NPA as of the issuance date of these financial statements, along with the Group's estimated revenues provide sufficient resources to fund its planned operations through at least the next 12 months. As to the longer term, unless the Group reaches sufficient positive cash flows from its operations and available funds at a credit facility (NPA), it may be required to obtain further funding through public or private offerings, debt financings or other sources. Adequate additional funding may not be available to the Group on acceptable terms, or at all. If the Group is unable to raise capital when needed or on attractive terms, it may need to reduce, delay, or adjust its operating expenses.
- d. In October 2023, Hamas terrorists infiltrated Israel's southern border from the Gaza Strip and conducted a series of attacks on civilian and military targets. Following the attack, Israel's security cabinet declared war against Hamas and commenced a military campaign against Hamas and other terrorist organizations.

The Company's headquarters and one of its production sites is located in Tel Aviv, Israel. As of the issuance date of these consolidated financial, the conflict between Israel and Hamas has not had a material impact on the Company's revenue, results of operations or financial position if at all. The Company cannot currently predict the intensity or duration of Israel's war against Hamas, however, as most of the company's productions sites are not located in Israel and that its revenues mostly generated worldwide, the Company does not believe the recent terrorist attack and the subsequent declaration of war by the Israeli government against the Hamas terrorist organization will have any material impact on its ongoing operations in Israel. The Company continues to monitor its ongoing activities and will make any needed adjustments to ensure continuity of its business, while supporting the safety and well-being of its employees.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

#### **NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:**

#### a. Basis of presentation

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for interim financial reporting. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the 2023 annual consolidated financial statements, other than as stated below. In the opinion of management, the financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments necessary to fairly state the financial position and results of operations of the Company.

The financial information contained in this report should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, that the Company filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Committee (the "SEC") on June 5, 2024 on Form F-1 as found in the Company's prospectus.

The year-end balance sheet data was derived from the audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2023.

Warrants over ordinary shares

When the Company issues freestanding convertible instruments, the Company first analyzes the provisions of ASC 480 in order to determine whether the instrument should be classified as a liability, with subsequent changes in fair value recognized in the statements of operations in each period. Warrants over ordinary shares are not within the scope of ASC 480, and as such the Company further analyzes the provisions of ASC 815-40 in order to determine whether the contract should be classified within equity or classified as a liability, with subsequent changes in fair value recognized in the statements of operations in each period. Under ASC 815-40, contracts that require or may require the issuer to settle the contract for cash are liabilities recorded at fair value, irrespective of the likelihood of the transaction occurring that triggers the net cash settlement feature. Further, in order to conclude equity classification, the Company assesses whether the contracts are indexed to its own stock and whether the contracts meet all the conditions necessary for equity classification.

The Company reassesses the classification of a contract over its own equity under the guidance above at each balance sheet date. If classification changes as a result of events during the reporting period, the Company reclassifies the contract as of the date of the event that caused the reclassification. When a contract over own equity is reclassified from a liability to equity, gains or losses recorded to account for the contract at fair value during the period that the contract was classified as a liability are not reversed, and the contract is marked to fair value immediately before the reclassification.

Offering Costs associated with the Initial Public Offering

The Company complies with the requirements of ASC 340-10-S99-1, SEC Staff Accounting bulletin Topic 5A – "Expenses of Offering". Offering costs consist principally of professional and registration fees incurred through the balance sheet date that are related to the IPO. Offering costs directly attributable to the issuance of an equity contract to be classified in equity are recorded as a reduction of equity.

The Company incurred offering costs amounting to approximately \$6.75 million, related to underwriting discounts and commissions, and other offering costs of \$1.9 million as a result of the IPO.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

# NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

# b. Use of estimates

In preparing the Company's consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, equity and disclosure of contingent liabilities and assets at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported years. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company's results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of results that could be expected for the entire fiscal year.

# c. Revenue recognition

As of June 30, 2024, the Company does not have any contracts for the provision of goods that result in the material contract assets and contract liabilities.

As permitted by ASC 606, the Company does not disclose information on unearned revenue as it generally enters into binding contracts for a period of one year or less.

#### d. Concentration of credit risks

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, bank deposits, marketable securities and accounts receivable. The Company deposits cash and cash equivalents mostly with a single highly rated financial institution. The Company has not experienced any material credit losses in these accounts and does not believe it is exposed to significant credit risk on these instruments.

For the periods ended June 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, the Company's largest customer represented 8.3% and 6.9% of accounts receivable, net, respectively.

#### e. Goodwill

Following the separation of the architecture and automotive segment into the two operating segments (see Note 4), the Company reallocated goodwill to its reorganized reporting units using a relative fair value approach. The Company performed an impairment analysis for these two reporting units upon reallocation. Based on the Company's assessment as of date of the change in the reporting units, and December 31, 2023, its annual impairment assessment date, it was concluded that the fair value of each of the architecture and automotive reporting units exceeded its carrying amount and therefore no goodwill impairment was required.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

# f. Fair value measurement

Fair value is based on the price that would be received from the sale of an asset or that would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In order to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements, the guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used to measure fair value into three broad levels, which are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for assets or liabilities. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs.
- Level 2: Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets, but corroborated by market data or active market data of similar or identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs are used when little or no market data is available. The fair value hierarchy gives the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

In determining fair value, the Company utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible and considers counterparty credit risk in its assessment of fair value.

# g. Loans and Convertible Loans issued

Under the Fair Value Option Subsection of ASC Subtopic 825-10, Financial Instruments – Overall ("ASC 825"), the Company has an irrevocable option to designate certain financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis, with changes in fair value reported in the statement of operations. Changes in fair value do not include accrued interest on debt instruments. Any changes in the fair value of liabilities resulting from changes in instrument-specific credit risk are reported in other comprehensive loss. The Company separately measures changes attributed to instrument-specific credit risk by calculating the difference between the overall change in the fair value of the instrument and the change attributed to fluctuations in the relevant risk-free benchmark rate.

The Company elected the fair value option for its NPAs and for its CLAs, as defined in Note 3 and Note 8.

#### h. Share split

On May 28, 2024 the board of directors approved a forward share split (the "Share Split"), that was approved by the shareholders and became effective on May 28, 2024. The Share Split results in a four point four -for-one (4.390914:1) share split of the Company's preferred and ordinary shares. No fractional shares were issued in connection with the Share Split. These financial statements have been adjusted retrospectively for the Share Split.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

#### NOTE 3 - OTHER SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND AGREEMENTS DURING THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024:

a. In January 2024, the Group entered into a note purchase agreement, the 2024 NPA, with OIC and affiliated funds (hereinafter "2024 Note Purchases").

Under the 2024 NPA, the 2024 Note Purchasers extended financing to Vision Lite in the principal amount of \$23.5 million, which was utilized and drawn down in full by way of issuance and sale of senior secured notes, or the 2024 Notes. In connection with the closing of the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, the Company repaid the amounts owed under the Facility Agreement, other than with respect to certain amounts under the "phantom warrant" (see Note 3(b)). In addition, under certain conditions, the Company may draw down an additional \$2.5 million prior to April 1, 2024 under the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement by way of issuance and sale of additional 2024 Notes. On April 4, 2024 the Group signed an amendment to the 2024 NPA such that additional Notes issued and purchased by the purchasers totaling to \$2.5 million. On April 5, 2024, the Group received an additional amount of \$1.895 million under the 2024 NPA, net of withdraw fees and reimbursed costs.

The principal amount of any Notes issued to Purchaser under the 2024 NPA bear interest at a rate of 14% per annum, payable by the issuer quarterly.

In addition, under the 2024 NPA and upon closing of the IPO, the 2024 Note Purchasers exercised their commitment to purchase an additional 882,353 ordinary shares and 137,040 warrants to ordinary shares in an amount of \$15.0 million.

The 2024 Notes bear annual interest, payable quarterly, and are due on November 8, 2028, provided that 2024 Notes may be subject to partial prepayment following the date the annual financial statements of the Company are due to be delivered in accordance with the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, in an amount equal to 25% of the excess cash flow calculated in accordance with the terms of the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement. Subject to certain conditions specified therein, the 2024 Notes may be voluntarily prepaid at any time.

Amounts owing under the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, including the principal, interest and fees payable on any issued 2024 Notes, are secured by first-ranking liens on our and certain of our subsidiaries' assets.

In connection with the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, the Company issued to the 2024 Note Purchasers warrants, (hereinafter "the 2024 Note Purchaser Warrants"), to purchase up to 682,282 ordinary shares of the Company that the aforementioned number of Preferred D-5 Shares would have converted into upon the consummation of the IPO if issued prior to this offering. Upon the completion of the IPO, the number of ordinary shares of the Company issuable under the 2024 Note Purchaser Warrants increased by 137,040. The 2024 Note Purchaser Warrants are exercisable until November 8, 2028 at a price per share equal to \$15.61.

Prior the IPO, the Company measured the warrants to preferred D-5 shares at fair value. Upon the closing of the IPO, warrants outstanding, other than warrants issued to an Israeli bank, were reclassified to equity (see Note 6). Warrants issued to an Israeli bank may be settled for cash under certain circumstances and are not indexed to the Company's equity (see Note 2(a)).

The Company applied the Fair Value option to the 2024 NPA, see Note 2(g).

b. During February 2024, The Company paid \$1.5 million of the phantom warrants in relation to the repayment of the Facility Loans (see Note 16(d) in the 2023 annual financial statements). Upon the consummation of the IPO in June 2024, the parties to the Facility Agreement elected to receive the outstanding balance, totaling to \$1.5 million, in cash, which is expected to be paid during the third quarter of 2024.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

# NOTE 3 - OTHER SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND AGREEMENTS DURING THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (continued):

c. In March 2024 the Company further amended the Earn-Out Agreement, with one of the Sellers, such that the Company shall use its best efforts to pay the relevant portion of the Second Earn-Out totaling to \$1.3 million (€1.15 million) by April 25, 2024, instead of \$1.4 million (€1.3 million).

In April 2024 the Company further amended the Earn-Out Agreement, with such Seller, such that the Company will pay the remaining portion of the Second Earn-Out totaling to \$0.92 million (\$0.85 million) within three business days following the consummation of Company's IPO or by June 15, 2024, whichever occurs first. During the second quarter of 2024 the Company paid a total of \$1.24 million (\$1.15 million) and settled the Earn-Out liability with this Seller in full.

In May 2024, the Company further amended the Earn-Out Agreement with the additional Seller. Following the amendment. the Company paid total of \$646 ( $\epsilon$ 600) during the second quarter of 2024. As of June 30, 2024, the outstanding balance of the Earn-Out liability with this Seller is \$749 ( $\epsilon$ 700), which was fully paid in July 2024.

- d. In February 2024, certain members of the Company's executive management, including mainly the chief executive officer and chief technology officer, collectively sold in a privately negotiated transaction a number of ordinary shares representing less than 10% of their personal collective holdings to a number of the Company's existing shareholders for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$3.0 million. All of the shares purchased and sold in this transaction are restricted securities and are subject to lock-up agreements with the underwriters of the Company's offering that restrict the holders' ability to transfer these shares for a period of 180 days from the date of the Company's prospectus. The Company determined that the sale contains a compensatory element, and therefore an incremental compensation expense was recognized in the amount of \$1,572 as share-based compensation.
- e. In May 2024, the Company approved the granting of options to its employees and subcontractors to purchase 70,347 ordinary shares at an exercise price of 0.23 NIS per share and 471,692 ordinary shares at an exercise price of \$9.44-\$10.88 per share. The options vest over a four-year period, 25% of which vest on the first anniversary of the date of the grant, and the remaining amount vest over the following three years in equal parts at the end of each subsequent fiscal quarter, subject to continued employment or service with the Company at the time of vesting. The options expire 10 years from the date of grant. The fair value of the options granted in May 2024 was \$6.8 million.
- f. In May 2024, the Company's Board of Directors approved, subject to and following an IPO event, to distribute bonus payments to certain employees and consultants (which yet to be paid) up to an amount of \$537.5 and distribute bonus payments to certain officers up to \$1,075, in each case subject to the price per share in an IPO event. As of June 30, 2024, following the IPO the Company included in its financials a liability in the amount of approximately \$0.6 million.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

# NOTE 4 - OPERATING SEGMENTS AND GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION:

The Company operates its business and reports its financial results in four operating segments:

- a. Architecture this segment focuses on sales for both interior and exterior applications for commercial, retail, residential, healthcare and hospitality customers.
- **b.** Automotive this segment focuses on sales that enable OEMs to incorporate Company's technology into glass rooftops, side windows and windshields to replace conventional mechanical sun visors and shades.
- **c.** Safety tech this segment focuses on sales of advanced driver assistance systems for buses, coaches, recreational vehicles and specific vehicles, such as camera and motion sensor systems, smart mirrors and safety doors.
- d. Aeronautics this segment focuses on the sale of shading and cabin management systems in private and commercial aircraft and helicopters.

The Company's Chief Executive Office ("CEO") was identified as the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). The CODM reviews the financial information based on the Group's financial statements, accompanied by disaggregated information about revenues and gross margin to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segments and assess their performance.

The Company's segments structure has been updated and the architecture segment and the automotive segment presented separately as of January 2024 and the CODM reviews this segment structure.

# e. Segment Information:

		For the period of	t six months ended	June 30, 2024	
	Aeronautics	Architecture	Automotive	Safety tech	Total
Revenues from external customers	20,181	5,255	2,218	21,484	49,138
Intersegment revenues	1,761	104	-	-	1,865
Gross profit (loss) (segment profit)	8,549	1,676	(533)	3,761	13,453

		For the period of six months ended June 30, 2023								
	Aeronautics	Architecture	Automotive	Safety tech	Total					
Revenues from external customers	14,811	6,345	658	15,553	37,367					
Intersegment revenues	633	-	-	-	633					
Gross profit (loss) (segment profit)	4,743	2,071	(116)	2,630	9,328					

		For the period of three months ended June 30, 2024									
	Aeronautics	Architecture	Automotive	Safety tech	Total						
Revenues from external customers	10,045	2,625	912	10,827	24,409						
Intersegment revenues	782	104	-	-	886						
Gross profit (loss) (segment profit)	3,914	916	(148)	2,232	6,914						

	For the period of three months ended June 30, 2023										
	Aeronautics	Architecture	Automotive	Safety tech	Total						
Revenues from external customers	7,816	3,329	508	8,281	19,934						
Intersegment revenues	633			-	633						
Gross profit (loss) (segment profit)	2,140	1,038	(72)	1,240	4,346						

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

# NOTE 4 - OPERATING SEGMENTS AND GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION (continued):

	Fo	or the three i June	hs ended,	For the six months ended June 30,			
	_	2024	2023		2024		2023
Total revenues for reportable segments	\$	25,295	\$ 20,567	\$	51,003	\$	38,000
Elimination of intersegment revenues		(886)	(633)		(1,865)		(633)
Total consolidated revenues		24,409	19,934		49,138		37,367
Total reportable segment profit		6,914	4,346		13,453		9,328
Amounts not allocated to segments:							
Amortization of Technology and lease assets included in cost of revenues		322	326		646		644
Research and development expenses, net		4,131	3,836		8,512		7,281
General and administrative expenses		5,271	3,724		11,400		6,336
Sales and marketing expenses		4,153	3,831		8,443		6,742
Depreciation and amortization		1,021	860		2,042		1,756
Other expenses, net		(63)	595		(38)		953
Consolidated operating loss		(7,921)	(8,826)		(17,552)		(14,384)
Other income		130	4		130		4
Financial expenses, net		(15,274)	(9,939)		(18,828)		(22,886)
Consolidated loss before income taxes	\$	(23,065)	\$ (18,761)	\$	(36,250)	\$	(37,266)

# f. Geographical information:

The following table summarizes revenue by region based on the shipping address of customers:

	For the three months ended June 30,					nonths ended e 30,	
	2024		2023		2024		2023
United States	6,686	\$	5,987	\$	13,954	\$	10,955
Israel	171		259		432		770
France	7,280		4,474		12,375		9,797
Rest of Europe	5,601		5,568		13,526		10,901
Asia	3,779		1,711		6,747		2,876
Rest of world	892		1,935		2,104		2,068
	24,409	\$	19,934	\$	49,138	\$	37,367

#### **NOTE 5 - INVENTORIES:**

Inventories consisted of the following:

	J	une 30, 2024	ember 31, 2023
Finished products	\$	1,362	\$ 1,163
Raw and packaging materials		13,348	11,882
Products in process		189	129
	\$	14,899	\$ 13,174

The Company recorded inventory write-downs in the amount of \$112 and \$101 for the six months ended on June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively and in the amount of \$238 for the year ended on December 31, 2023. These write-downs are linked to slow-moving inventory.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

# **NOTE 6 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:**

# a. Financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value as of June 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, are classified in the tables below in one of the three categories described in "Note 2(bb) – Fair value measurement" in the 2023 annual financial statements:

June 30, 2024

	I	Level 1	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				-
RFI Shares	\$	3,383		\$3,383
Financial Liabilities				
Warrants and phantom warrants			1,531	1,531
NPAs			55,438	55,438
Earn-out liability			749	749
Other		\$	200	\$200
		Dec	ember 31, 2023	
		Level 1	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
RFI Shares	\$	1,857		\$1,857
	\$	1,857		\$1,857
	\$	1,857		\$1,857
RFI Shares	\$	1,857	21,566	\$1,857 21,566
RFI Shares Financial Liabilities	\$	1,857	21,566 55,940	
RFI Shares  Financial Liabilities  Warrants and phantom warrants	\$	1,857		21,566
RFI Shares  Financial Liabilities  Warrants and phantom warrants CLAs	\$	1,857	55,940	21,566 55,940
RFI Shares  Financial Liabilities  Warrants and phantom warrants  CLAs  NPA	\$	1,857	55,940 21,976	21,566 55,940 21,976

The following is a roll forward of the fair value of liabilities classified under Level 3:

	Six months ended June 30, 2024										
	Wa	ırrants*		CLAs		NPAs	Fa	cility loans		Earn-out liability	Other
January 1 ,2024	\$	21,566	\$	55,940	\$	21,976	\$	23,151	\$	2,997	\$ 186
Issuance		11,196		11,750		18,704		-		-	-
Payment		(1,500)		-		-		(24,600)		(2,210)	-
Conversion to equity		(445)		(69,570)		-		-			
Reclassification to equity		(28,225)		-		-		-		-	-
Change in fair value		(1,061)		1,880		14,758		1,449		(38)	14
June 30, 2024	\$	1,531	\$	-	\$	55,438	\$	-	\$	749	\$ 200

		Six months ended June 30, 2023										
	W	Warrants*		rants* CLAs		CLAs Facility loans			Earn-out liability			Other
January 1 ,2023	\$	8,267	\$	3,809	\$	29,745	\$	3,917	\$	185		
Issuance		5,065		13,646		-		-		-		
Change in fair value		1,252		13,835		104		953		2		
June 30, 2023	\$	14,584	\$	31,290	\$	29,849	\$	4,870	\$	187		
								_				

F-19

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

# NOTE 6 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued):

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		the state of the s										
	Wa	rrants*		CLAs		NPAs	Facilit	y loans		arn-out ability		Other
March 31 ,2024	\$	26,829	\$	64,907	\$	45,037	\$	-	\$	2,694	\$	186
Issuance		1,643		6,200		1,003		-		-		-
Payment		-		-		-		-		(1,883)		-
Conversion to equity		(445)		(69,570)		-		-		-		-
Reclassification to equity		(28,225)		-		-		-		-		-
Change in fair value		1,729		(1,537)		9,398		-		(62)		14
June 30, 2024	\$	1,531	\$	-	\$	55,438	\$	-	\$	749	\$	200

Three months ended June 30, 2023									
CLAs Facility loans liability Other									
18,640	\$	31,180	\$	4,275	\$	185			
6.086		_		_		_			

	Warrants*		CLAs		Facility loans		liability		Other
March 31 ,2023	\$	11,496	\$	18,640	\$	31,180	\$	4,275	\$ 185
Issuance		4,936		6,086		-		-	-
Change in fair value		(1,848)		6,564		(1,331)		595	2
June 30, 2023	\$	14,584	\$	31,290	\$	29,849	\$	4,870	\$ 187

Including 'phantom warrants', see Note 16(d) in the 2023 annual financial statements.

Starting from the closing of the IPO, the Company utilized a Black-Scholes Option Pricing model with Level 3 inputs for the valuation of its liability-classified warrants. Inherent in pricing models are assumptions related to expected share-price volatility, expected life, risk-free interest rate and dividend yield. The underlying stock price input is the closing stock price as of each valuation date and the exercise price is the price as stated in the warrant agreement. The volatility input was determined using the historical volatility of comparable publicly traded companies which operate in a similar industry or compete directly against the Company.

Volatility for each comparable publicly traded company is calculated as the annualized standard deviation of daily continuously compounded returns. The Black-Scholes analysis is performed in a risk-neutral framework, which requires a risk-free rate assumption based upon constant-maturity treasury yields, which are interpolated based on the remaining term of the warrants as of each valuation date.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

# NOTE 6 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued):

The following table provides quantitative information regarding Level 3 fair value measurements inputs at their measurement dates:

	June 30, 2024
Exercise price	\$14.35 - \$31.08
Stock price	\$12.02
Volatility	44.09% - 44.75%
Term (years)	4.17-5.33
Risk-free interest rate	4.44% - 4.48%
Dividend vield	0%

Significant decrease or increase in the estimated volatility would result in a significant lower or higher fair value measurement, respectively.

As of June 30, 2024, the agreed contingent consideration balance is \$0.75 million (€0.7 million). The liability was settled during July 2024.

As of June 2024, the fair value of the 2024 NPA, measured under the fair value option, was measured by discounting the predicted cashflows of the loan using a spread equal to 0.25% below an ilCaa3 USD yield curve.

### Financial instruments measured not at fair value on a recurring basis

Financial instruments not recorded at fair value on a recurring basis include cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, bank deposits, trade receivables, trade and other payables and short-term borrowings. Due to their nature, their fair value approximates their carrying value.

The fair value of Vision's bank loans approximates their carrying value.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

### NOTE 7 - REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED SHARES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:

As of June 30, 2024, the authorized share capital of the Company is 49,200,191 ordinary shares, out of which 34,930,909 ordinary shares of no par value per share were outstanding.

Upon closing of the IPO, all issued and outstanding preferred shares were automatically converted into aggregate of 4,693,318 ordinary shares. As such, the Company reclassified the preferred shares carrying amount into permanent equity (see Note 1(b)).

Following the IPO, ordinary shares of the Company have no par value per share.

### **NOTE 8 - CONVERTIBLE LOAN AGREEMENTS:**

The Company entered into convertible loan agreements (the "CLA agreements") in 2020 (the "CLA") and 2023 (the "2023 CLA") with several lenders (the CLA lenders).

a. During the first quarter of 2020, the Company entered into convertible loan agreement which latest amendment was signed on July 31, 2023 with several lenders, pursuant to which the CLA Lenders agreed to loan the Company a sum of \$2.35 million.

The CLA conversion clauses and interest rate described in the 2023 annual financial statements (see Note 15(a) in the 2023 annual financial statements).

Upon consummation of the IPO, the remaining balance of the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreements (including the accrued interest) converted into 322,476 ordinary shares based upon the initial public offering price of \$17.00.as well as 8,087 ordinary shares received upon cashless exercise of warrants.

b. During 2023 the Company entered into convertible loan agreements, with the CLA Lenders, pursuant to which the CLA Lenders subscribed the Company a sum of \$39.0 million.

Upon consummation of the IPO, the remaining balance of the 2023 Convertible Loan Agreements (including the accrued interest) converted into 3,769,855 ordinary shares based upon the IPO price of \$17.00 as well as warrants for 1,964,989 ordinary shares with an exercise price of \$12.75.

c. On November 8, 2023 the Group entered a Note Purchase Agreement (the "NPA") among Chutzpah Holdings Ltd. a related party, (the "Purchaser") as purchaser, administrative agent and collateral agent. Under the NPA, Purchaser extended a credit facility to the Group in an aggregate principal amount of \$60.0 million, that may be utilized and drawn down by way of issuance and sale of senior secured notes ("Notes") to Purchaser. As of the date of these consolidated financial statements the Group withdrew \$25.0 million and the available principal under the NPA is \$35.0 million.

On July 1, 2024, pursuant to the request of the Purchaser, the Group repaid the NPA in full, in the amount of \$38.6 million, including principal \$25.0 million, minimum return \$12.5 million and \$1.1 million interest. For additional information see Note 15(c) to the 2023 annual financial statements.

The Company applied the Fair Value option to the NPA, see Note 2(dd) in the 2023 annual financial statements.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

# **NOTE 9 - NONCONVERTIBLE LOANS:**

As of June 30, 2024, the required annual principal payments of long-term debt, starting from July 2024, are as follows:

	June 30, 2024
2024	\$ 1,570
2025	3,901
2026	3,172
2027	5,272
2028 and thereafter	21,484
Total	\$ 35,399

# NOTE 10 - NET LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS:

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to ordinary shareholders for the periods presented:

(23,087)	June 30, 2023 \$ (18,802)	\$	June 30, 2024	_	June 30, 2023
(23,087)	\$ (18,802)	\$	(26.224)		
(23,087)	\$ (18,802)	2	(2 ( 22 4)		
		Ψ	(36,334)	\$	(37,321)
(23,087)	\$ (18,802)	\$	(36,334)	\$	(37,321)
8,869,691	4,081,757		7,072,950		3,434,028
(2.60)	\$ (4.61)	\$	(5.14)	\$	(10.87)
	8,869,691	8,869,691 4,081,757	8,869,691 4,081,757	8,869,691 4,081,757 7,072,950	8,869,691 4,081,757 7,072,950

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

# NOTE 10 - NET LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS (continued):

The following instruments were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because of their anti-dilutive effect:

- Redeemable convertible preferred shares;
- Convertible loan agreements;
- Warrants to purchase convertible preferred shares;
- Simple agreements for future equity;
- Share-based compensation.

# NOTE 11 - TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES:

Transactions with related parties which are shareholders and directors of the Company:

# a. Transactions:

		onths ended June 30
	2024	2023
Share-based compensation to non-executive directors	\$	61 \$ 28
b. Balances:		
	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Short-term liabilities		
Current maturities of long-term debt measured under the fair value option	\$ 38,6	75 \$ -
Long-term liabilities —		
CLA's	\$	- \$ 9,780
NPA	\$	- \$ 21,976

# **NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:**

- a. In July 2024 the Company paid the remaining portion of the Earn-Out totaling to \$0.76 million (€0.7 million).
- **b.** In July 2024 the Group repaid the NPA among Chutzpa Holdings Ltd. totaling to \$38.6 million, including minimum return and interest, see Note 8(c).

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#### OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated interim financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Form 6-K and our consolidated annual financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 included in our final prospectus (Registration No. 333-278675), dated June 5, 2024 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, on June 7, 2024, or the Final Prospectus.

Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, all references in this report to the terms "Gauzy," "the Company," "our," "us," and "we" refer to Gauzy Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries. References to "ordinary shares," "warrants" and "share capital" refer to the ordinary shares, warrants and share capital, respectively, of Gauzy.

References to "U.S. dollars," "USD" and "\$" are to the currency of the United States of America. References to "ordinary shares" are to our ordinary shares, no par value. Our consolidated financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or U.S. GAAP. Our historical results do not necessarily indicate our expected results for any future periods.

We present our results of operations in a way that we believe will be the most meaningful and useful to investors, analysts, rating agencies and others who use our financial information to evaluate our performance. Some of our financial measures are not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, or non-GAAP, under SEC rules and regulations. For example, in this report, we present revenue backlog, EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow, all of which are non-GAAP financial measures as defined in Item 10(e) of SEC Regulation S-K. Revenue backlog, EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow are non-GAAP financial measures, are presented for supplemental informational purposes only, and are not intended to be substitutes for any U.S. GAAP financial measures, including revenue or net income (loss), and, as calculated, may not be comparable to companies in other industries or within the same industry with similarly titled measures of performance. In addition, these non-GAAP measures should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items. Therefore, these non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, or in isolation from, measures prepared in accordance with U.S.GAAP. Where appropriate, reconciliations of our non-GAAP financial measure to the most comparable U.S.GAAP figures are included. For further discussion, see the section entitled "Key Business Metrics and Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below.

### Forward-Looking Statements

Certain information included in this discussion may be deemed to be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and other securities laws. Forward-looking statements are often characterized by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "continue," "believe," "should," "intend," "project" or other similar words, but are not the only way these statements are identified.

These forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to, statements relating to our objectives, plans and strategies, statements that contain projections of results of operations or of financial condition, expected capital needs and expenses, statements relating to the research, development, completion and use of our products, and all statements (other than statements of historical facts) that address activities, events or developments that we intend, expect, project, believe or anticipate will or may occur in the future.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks and uncertainties. We have based these forward-looking statements on assumptions and assessments made by our management in light of their experience and their perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors they believe to be appropriate.

Important factors that could cause actual results, developments and business decisions to differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements include, among other things:

- our ability to scale up upon our operations, including market acceptance of our vision and light control products;
- the amount and timing of future sales;
- our ability to meet technical and quality specifications;
- our ability to accurately estimate the future supply and demand for our light and vision control products and changes to various factors in our supply chain;
- the market for adoption vision and light control technologies;
- existing regulations and regulatory developments in the United States and other jurisdictions;
- our plans and ability to obtain or protect intellectual property rights, including extensions of patent terms where available and our ability to avoid infringing the intellectual property rights of others;
- the need to hire additional personnel and our ability to attract and retain such personnel;
- our estimates regarding expenses, future revenue, capital requirements and needs for additional financing;
- our dependence on third parties;
- our financial performance;
- the growth of regulatory requirements and incentives;
- risks related to product liability claims or product recalls;
- the overall global economic environment;
- the impact of competition and new technologies;
- our plans to continue to invest in research and develop technology for new products;
- our plans to potentially acquire complementary businesses;
- the impact of any resurgence of COVID-19 or any of its variants or any other pandemic on our business and on the business of our customers;
- security, political and economic instability in the Middle East that could harm our business, including due to the current war between Israel and Hamas;
- the increased expenses associated with us being a public company; and
- other risks and uncertainties, including those listed in the section titled "Risk Factors" in the Final Prospectus.

Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made throughout the following discussion which are designed to advise interested parties of the risks and factors that may affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

You should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statements in the following discussion are made as of the date hereof and are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements included herein. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

### Overview

We are a fully-integrated light and vision control company, transforming the way we experience our everyday environments. Our cutting-edge nanotechnology and electronics capabilities in light control, and our mechatronics and image analysis technologies in vision control, are revolutionizing mobility and architectural end-markets. We have established distinct leadership positions across these large and high-growth markets, where our technologies are replacing traditional mechanical products, such as shades, blinds and mirrors, with advanced and sustainable solutions offering superior functionality. Our key products include suspended particle device, or SPD, and liquid crystal, or LC, films for smart glass applications, as well as camera monitoring systems, or CMS, and other advanced driver assistance systems, or ADAS, solutions. We have established serial production capabilities, either directly or through subcontracts, with leading aerospace, automotive and architecture companies including Boeing, Honda, Mercedes, Ford, BMW, and Avery Dennison. We benefit from both secular and regulatory tailwinds that are driving the rapid adoption of light and vision control technologies. In addition to our core markets, we believe that our products may have a multitude of tangible applications in other areas such as railway, maritime, specialty vehicle, private security and consumer appliances.

We aim to deliver a full suite of proprietary technologies that offer superior performance attributes by leveraging our differentiated technical capabilities and market insights, a competitive advantage we maintain through our core research and development and innovation organization. We have a comprehensive product offering with multiple complementary light and vision control technologies, enabling us to provide a full range of solutions for light and vision control across diverse markets, applications and geographies. Our vertically integrated in-house production capabilities enable us to offer our products at various stages in the supply chain based on the specific business needs of our customers. For example, we have the capability to simultaneously sell films to glass fabricators, prefabricated stacks to Tier 1 glass manufacturers and, in certain instances, full window systems to original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs.

In light control, our product offerings include smart glass and films that switch from transparent to opaque, controllable dimmable shading, and transparent displays for digital signage and communication. Our light control products allow the user to regulate privacy, solar heat gain, and UV protection. In vision control, we are a leading Tier 1 supplier of ADAS solutions for trucks, buses and coaches, designed to create a safer and more comfortable driving experience. Our unique ADAS offerings remove the need for side- and rear-view mirrors, instead providing the driver with a real-time video display and alerts to reduce blind spots and potential driving hazards.

We enjoy close, collaborative relationships with many OEMs, Tier 1 suppliers, film processors and glass fabricators who rely on our technologies. During the product development process, we customize our solutions to ensure they meet our customers' requirements and are ultimately certified for production. In aerospace, we are a leading Tier 1 supplier for the commercial airline, business jet and helicopter segments, providing fully-manufactured smart glass and advanced shading solutions directly to our customers. We hold a leading market position in cockpit shading systems for commercial airliners and business jets. We are in serial production for cabin shades, either directly or through sub-contracts, with seven business jet OEMs, including Embraer, HondaJet, Bombardier, Gulfstream, Daher and Beechcraft. Furthermore, we have successfully leveraged the technology and mechatronics expertise we have developed as a Tier 1 aerospace supplier to provide additional differentiated products and services to the automotive and architecture markets.

In the automotive and architectural markets, we are a leading Tier 2 supplier of light control technologies. Our unique business model enables automotive and architectural glass fabricators globally to manufacture smart glass that is integrated with our films and electronics. In the automotive segment, OEMs incorporate our technology in glass rooftops, side windows and windshields to replace conventional mechanical sun visors and shades. In the architectural market, we serve all major segments including commercial, retail, residential, healthcare and hospitality for both interior and exterior applications. In the commercial vehicle segment, we are a Tier 1 supplier and one of the market leaders in vision control technologies, including CMS and ADAS systems for the truck, bus and coach market.

We are strategically located in close proximity to our customers. This geographic competitive advantage deepens local customer relationships, enhances commercial innovation, optimizes customer support, shortens supply chains and enables us to deliver our technologies quickly and efficiently around the world. As a result, the typical customer contract length is 15 to over 30 years for customers in our aeronautics segment, approximately eight years for customers in our automotive segment and five to ten years for customers in our safety tech segment. We operate production facilities in Israel, France, Germany and the United States, with sales, marketing and fulfilment centers in 15 locations throughout the globe. We sell our products in over 30 countries through both direct fulfilment and a network of expertly trained and certified distribution channels.

We serve a broad range of end-markets and geographies, enabling us to benefit from a diversified base of revenues. In 2023, we generated approximately 22.5% of our revenue in the United States, 21.7% in Europe (excluding France), 45.8% in France, 1.4% in Israel, and 4.6% in Asia, with the remaining 4.0% generated in other countries across the world. In the same period, we generated approximately 43.4% of our revenue in the aerospace market, 38.1% in safety tech and commercial vehicle market, 16.2% in the architectural market and 2.3% in the automotive market. In 2024, through June 30, 2024, we generated approximately 28.4% of our revenue in the United States, 27.5% in Europe (excluding France), 25.2% in France, 0.9% in Israel, and 13.7% in Asia, with the remaining 4.3% generated in other countries across the world. In the same period, we generated approximately 41.1% of our revenue in the aerospace market, 43.7% in safety tech and commercial vehicle market, 10.7% in the architectural market and 4.5% in the automotive market. We also enjoy a diverse customer base, with no single customer representing more than 9.3% and 9.6% of our revenue for the year ended December 31, 2023 and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively.

#### **Business Combination**

On February 7, 2021, we entered into a share purchase agreement, or the Vision Lite SPA, with the shareholders, or the Sellers, of Vision Lite SAS, a French société par actions simplifiée, or Vision Lite, as amended on July 27, 2021, January 16, 2022 and March 28, 2022, for the acquisition of Vision Lite, or the Business Combination. The Business Combination closed on January 26, 2022 and we became the sole shareholder of Vision Lite. The consideration for the Business Combination consisted of \$23.7 million (€21.0 million) in cash, the repayment of Vision Lite's loans in an amount of approximately \$12.9 million (€11.4 million) and contingent consideration of up to \$5.6 million (€5.0 million), contingent on the future revenues of Vision Lite. The Vision Lite SPA also contained certain earn out provisions, or the Earn Out Agreement, which required us to pay certain amounts to the Sellers upon the occurrence of certain events, such as meeting annual revenue targets. We paid a total of \$3.88 million in earn out payments to the Sellers pursuant to the Earn Out Agreement, which includes the remaining balance owed to the Sellers under the Earn Out Agreement was \$0.75 million (€0.7 million) that was outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and was paid in full in July 2024.

#### **Key Factors Affecting Our Performance**

**Driving customer adoption.** The adoption of light and vision control technologies is still in its early stages with significant runway for further penetration, and as a market leader, we believe that are well positioned to capitalize on the accelerating demand and market adoption by leveraging our best-inclass technologies and recent capacity expansions.

Acquiring new customers. We are a key partner to our large and diversified customer base consisting of glass fabricators, film processors, automobile and aircraft OEMs, airlines and municipalities, among others. As part of our unique business model, we enable the glass industry to manufacture its own smart glass by providing fabricators with materials and technologies to manufacture locally. We manage a large network of glass fabricators worldwide, allowing us to support and grow with our end customers on a global basis and we intend to expand our network to capture further demand and market share over time. We plan to continue to sign new partnerships and win contracts with OEMs and suppliers as they expand their own product lines across the mobility and architecture markets and look for innovative technologies to differentiate their products. While we plan to build on our leadership in CMS technologies for the truck, bus and coach market, we are also focused on expanding our ADAS offering for commercial vehicles and believe we have a substantial opportunity with those customers given our ability to adapt our technologies to cater to the additional complexity that such vehicles require. Moreover, we plan to build on our dominant position amongst aircraft OEMs and completion centers to grow our network of airline customers, given the increasing flexibility of airlines to exert more influence on cabin design decision-making.

Expanding our product portfolio and markets. We embrace an entrepreneurial, R&D-centric mindset supported by our well-invested manufacturing platform and dedicated team with significant expertise in material science, mechatronics, image analysis and advanced manufacturing. We will continue to leverage these resources and capitalize on market and customer insights to expand our use cases through new innovative products and value-added features to drive growth. In particular, we emphasize engineering for tomorrow and believe that anticipating customer needs and preferences is an integral part of customer adoption. As a result, our business and engineering personnel become closely acquainted, and develop deep relationships, with our customers. These close customer relationships enable us to identify and forecast the needs of our customers and draw upon our intellectual property portfolio and expertise in technology research and development to create new products and successfully position our portfolio within the ever-changing business environment.

Leveraging our manufacturing and operational capabilities. In recent years, we have made strategic investments to expand our manufacturing capabilities. We operate as a one-stop shop and are deeply involved across our products' value chain, spanning across product development and nanoparticle synthesis through lamination and processing, enabling us to more effectively realize opportunities to reduce production costs and react faster to fluctuations in market demand. We believe there is an opportunity for significant margin expansion as we continue to scale our business and benefit from increased capacity utilization and fixed operating leverage. We also expect to benefit from improved purchasing power for our raw materials and components and continued manufacturing efficiencies and productivity initiatives driven by our research and development efforts both on the material science and engineering sides. As an example, we have successfully reduced LC film thickness from 25 microns to 20 microns enabling an approximately 20% reduction in material cost for select products and have also successfully doubled our LC line running speed. We have identified and have begun to implement additional projects that we expect will provide incremental net manufacturing productivity and improved margins in the coming years.

Acquisitions. We believe we are well-positioned as an acquirer of choice due to our global presence, industry-recognized leadership in innovation, diverse manufacturing network and highly entrepreneurial, multi-cultural team with significant engineering and material science expertise. As a public company, we expect to have the added flexibility of financing future acquisitions through our public currency in addition to other funding sources. We have a proven track record with our successful acquisition and integration of Vision Lite in January 2022 and intend to target opportunities that strengthen our market position, expand our product portfolio, enhance our technologies and extend our manufacturing capabilities, including through vertical integration. In February 2023, we completed an acquisition of Resonac Corporation's (formerly Hitachi Chemical Company, Ltd.), or Resonac, full SPD intellectual property portfolio and business, which included obtaining and learning the know-how with respect to Resonac's technical and business information related to such acquired patents, another testament to our acquisition sourcing and execution capabilities.

Economic conditions and resulting business trends. Our results of operations are impacted by the relative strength of the overall economy and its effect on business investment, unemployment, consumer spending behavior, and business and consumer demand. Our customers' underlying business activities are also linked to the macroeconomic and geopolitical environment. Global supply chain disruptions, inflation, high energy prices and supply-demand imbalances are expected to continue in 2024. In addition, terrorism or other geopolitical events may increase the likelihood of supply chain interruptions and may impair our ability to compete in current or future markets, or otherwise subject us to potential material liability. While we do not believe that our business segments, products, lines of service, projects or operations have been materially impacted by the global supply chain disruptions, we cannot guarantee that we will not be materially impacted by the economic uncertainty and volatility in the markets in the future. We cannot quantify such impact to our business at this moment, as we are an early growth stage company and have not yet commenced the mass production and sale of products. To mitigate supply chain risks we may face in the future, we aim to focus on Tier 1 suppliers located in close proximity to our production facilities and will seek to negotiate contracts with our suppliers that lock in price and delivery commitments. Since we are strategically located in close proximity to our customers, we have a geographic competitive advantage that deepens local customer relationships, enhances commercial innovation, optimizes customer support, shortens supply chains and enables us to deliver our technologies quickly and efficiently around the world.

Impact of supply chain disruptions on business operations. In connection with the ongoing global supply chain disruption, we continue to work with our suppliers on (i) mitigating the effects of recent procurement shortages, (ii) negating the impacts on supply chain disruption on costs and (iii) effectively scheduling for key product developments. Mitigation steps undertaken by us include design modifications that utilize parts and materials that are more readily available and the expansion of our supply chain to form a wider procurement network to source products in short supply. To date, these mitigation steps have been successful at reducing the impact of supply chain disruptions while also maintaining our commitment to product quality and performance reliability. To date, no new material risks have emerged as a result of these mitigation steps. We anticipate these supply chain challenges will continue to exist over the near term and plan to continually employ mitigation strategies to reduce the impact on future product deliveries.

### **Components of Operating Results**

The period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations have been prepared using the historical periods included in our consolidated financial statements. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Form 6-K.

#### Revenues

We primarily derive revenue mainly from the sale of cockpit and cabin shading in our aeronautics segment, the sale of ADAS technology and driver safety doors in our safety tech segment, and the sale of SPD and LC films for smart glass applications in our architecture and automotive segments.

We expect revenue to increase over time as we expand our customer base. We expect that our revenue will fluctuate from period to period due to new product offerings, varying branding and sales activities, entrance into new end-markets and market segments and evolving policies and regulations in the United States and Europe.

# Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues mainly consists of raw materials used in the production line for our products, shipping and handling costs, salary of headcount related to production, employee-related expenses and overhead expenses of internal assembly line and service costs. Cost of revenues also consists of royalties to the Israel Innovation Authority, or the IIA.

#### Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses include costs directly attributable to the conduct of research and development programs, including employee-related expenses, such as salaries and share-based compensation, lab expenses, consumable equipment and consulting fees. We received royalty-bearing grants, which represents participation of the IIA in approved programs for research and development. These grants are recognized as a reduction of research and development expenses as the related costs are incurred.

Research credit tax granted by the French Government is recognized when the tax credit becomes receivable, provided there is reasonable assurance that Vision Lite will comply with the conditions attributed to this credit and there is reasonable assurance the credit will be received. The tax credit is deducted from research and development expenses as the applicable costs are incurred.

We expect to continue to invest in research and development to enhance our solutions and offerings to our customers, including hiring additional employees and continuing research and development projects. As a result, we expect that our research and development expenses will continue to increase in absolute dollars in future periods and vary from period to period as a percentage of revenue.

# General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel costs, including share-based compensation related to directors and employees, facility costs, office space rental costs, patent application and maintenance expenses, external professional service costs, including legal, accounting, audit, finance, business development, investor relations, and human resource services, and other consulting fees.

We expect that our general and administrative expenses will continue to increase in absolute dollars in future periods, primarily due to increased headcount to support anticipated growth in the business and due to incremental costs associated with operating as a public company, including costs to comply with the rules and regulations applicable to companies listed on a securities exchange and costs related to compliance and reporting obligations pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC and stock exchange listing standards, public relations, insurance and professional services.

## Sales and marketing expenses

Sales and marketing expenses include employee-related expenses, such as salaries and share-based compensation, expenses relating to outsourced and contracted services, such as subcontractor, advertising and exhibition expenses, public relations and websites costs.

We expect our sales and marketing expenses to increase in absolute dollars as we expand our commercial sales, marketing and business development teams, increase our presence globally, and increase marketing activities to drive awareness and adoption of our products. While these expenses may vary from period to period as a percentage of revenue, we expect these expenses to increase as a percentage of sales in the short term as we continue to grow our commercial organization to drive anticipated growth in the business.

### Financial expenses

The finance expenses consisted primarily of change in fair value of investments, warrants and financial liabilities measured at fair value, interest expenses on loans and exchange rate differences expenses.

#### Income Taxes

Income taxes primarily consist of income taxes from our subsidiaries in Germany, the United States and China.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

We currently conduct our business and report our financial results through four operating segments: aeronautics, architecture, automotive and safety tech.

### **Results of Operations**

The period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations have been prepared using the historical periods included in our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this document. We have derived this data from our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Form 6-K.

Three Months Ended

# Three Months Ended June 30, 2024, Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2023

	 Inree Mor June (unau	30,	
(in thousands of USD, except share and per share data)	 2024		2023
Revenues	\$ 24,409	\$	19,934
Cost of revenues (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	17,323		15,387
Depreciation and amortization	494		527
Total cost of revenues	17,817		15,914
Gross profit	6,592		4,020
Gross profit margin	27.0%		20.2%
Operating expenses:			
Research and development expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization reflected below)	\$ 4,131	\$	3,836
General and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization reflected below)	5,271		3,724
Sales and marketing expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization reflected below)	4,153		3,831
Depreciation and amortization	1,021		860
Other expenses	(63)		595
Operating loss	7,921		8,826
Financial expenses, net	15,274		9,939
Other income	(130)		(4)
Loss before income tax	23,065		18,761
Income tax	22		41
Net Loss	\$ 23,087	\$	18,802

# Revenues

Revenues increased by approximately \$4.5 million, or 22.4%, to \$24.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$19.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from an increase in the volume of sales from existing and new customer accounts.

## Revenues by Operating Segment

#### Aeronautics

Revenues in our aeronautics segment increased by approximately \$2.2 million, or 28.5%, to \$10.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$7.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from strong demand broadly across the segment's product lines

### Architecture

Revenues in our architecture segment decreased by approximately \$0.7 million, or 21.1%, to \$2.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$3.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The decrease resulted mainly from the timing of deliveries relative to full-year purchase orders.

#### Automotive

Revenues in our automotive segment increased by approximately \$0.4 million, or 79.5%, to \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from the start of serial production at the end of the second quarter of 2023 and its continued ramp to higher expected utilization levels.

## Safety-Tech

Revenues in our safety-tech segment increased by approximately \$2.5 million, or 30.7%, to \$10.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$8.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from strong demand across the segment's product lines.

## Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues increased by approximately \$1.9 million, or 12.0%, to \$17.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$15.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from an increase of \$1.9 million in materials costs related to the higher sales activity.

# Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit increased by approximately \$2.6 million, or 64.0%, to \$6.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$4.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from the increase in revenue from the corresponding period.

Gross profit margin represents our gross profit as a percentage of our revenue. Gross profit margin increased by approximately 6.8% to 27.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to 20.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2023.

For the three months ended June 30, 2024, our gross profit margin was 39.0%, 34.9%, (16.2)% and 20.6% in our aeronautics, architecture, automotive and safety tech segments, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2023, our gross profit margin was 27.4%, 31.2%, (14.2)% and 15.0% in our aeronautics, architecture, automotive and safety tech segments, respectively.

## Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses increased by approximately \$0.3 million, or 7.7%, to \$4.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$3.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from an increase in payroll and related expenses in the amount of \$0.9 million, which was primarily due to an increase in salaries and an increase in the number of research and development employees, offset by a decrease in subcontractors, in the amount of \$0.5 million and a decrease of \$0.1 million in materials expenses.

# General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$1.6 million or 41.5%, to \$5.3 million for three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$3.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from an increase in payroll and related expenses in the amount of \$1.3 million and an increase in subcontractors' expenses in the amount of \$0.8 million offset by a decrease of \$0.5 million in professional and other services.

# Sales and marketing expenses

Sales and marketing expenses increased by approximately \$0.3 million, or 8.4%, to \$4.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$3.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from an increase in payroll and related expenses, including share-based compensation, in the amount of \$1.1 million and a decrease in selling and marketing costs in the amount of \$0.6 million.

## Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased by approximately \$0.1 million, or 18.7%, to \$1.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023, reflecting depreciation and amortization of newly acquired assets, including intellectual property.

# Other expenses

Other expenses decreased by approximately \$0.7 million, or 110.6%, to \$(0.1) million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$0.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023, reflecting changes in the fair value of contingent consideration resulting from the Vision Lite acquisition.

### Financial expenses, net

Financial expenses, net increased by approximately \$5.3 million, or 53.7%, to \$15.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$9.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. This increase was mainly due to an increase of \$4.5 million in the fair value of warrants and financial liabilities measured at fair value, an increase of \$1.2 million in foreign exchange loss, net, and an increase of \$1.0 million in interest expense on loans, convertible loans and long-term debt, offset by a decrease of \$1.2 million in income from investments.

### Net loss

Net loss increased by approximately \$4.3 million, or 22.8%, to \$23.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$18.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The increase was mainly due to an increase in operational expenses and financial expenses offset by an increase in gross profit.

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### Six Months Ended June 30, 2024, Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2023

		Six Mont Jund (unau		
(in thousands of USD, except share and per share data)		2024		2023
Revenues	\$	49,138	\$	37,367
Cost of revenues (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)		35,330		27,675
Depreciation and amortization		1,001		1,008
Total cost of revenues		36,331		28,683
Gross profit	_	12,807		8,684
Gross profit margin		26.1%	,	23.2%
Operating expenses:				
Research and development expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization reflected below)	\$	8,512	\$	7,281
General and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization reflected below)		11,400		6,336
Sales and marketing expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization reflected below)		8,443		6,742
Depreciation and amortization		2,042		1,756
Other expenses		(38)		953
Operating loss		17,552		14,384
Financial expenses, net		18,828		22,886
Other income		(130)		(4)
Loss before income tax		36,250		37,266
Income tax		84		55
Net Loss	\$	36,334	\$	37,321

# Revenues

Revenues increased by approximately \$11.7 million, or 31.5%, to \$49.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$37.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from an increase in the volume of sales from existing and new customer accounts.

## Revenues by Operating Segment

#### Aeronautics

Revenues in our aeronautics segment increased by approximately \$5.4 million, or 38.1%, to \$20.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$14.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from strong demand broadly across the segment's product lines

### Architecture

Revenues in our architecture segment decreased by approximately \$1.0 million, or 15.9%, to \$5.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$6.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The decrease resulted mainly from the timing of deliveries relative to full-year purchase orders.

#### Automotive

Revenues in our automotive segment increased by approximately \$1.5 million, or 215%, to \$2.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from the start of serial production at the end of the second quarter of 2023 and its continued ramp to higher expected utilization levels.

## Safety-Tech

Revenues in our safety-tech segment increased by approximately \$5.9 million, or 37.8%, to \$21.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$15.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from strong demand across the segment's product lines.

# Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues increased by approximately \$7.6 million, or 26.7%, to \$36.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$28.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from an increase of \$6.6 million in materials costs consist with the higher sales activity, and an increase of \$1.1 million in payroll and related expenses, including share-based compensation, primarily due to an increase in salaries and an increase in the number of operational and production employees.

# Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit increased by approximately \$4.1 million, or 47.5%, to \$12.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$8.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from the increase in revenue from the corresponding period, including increased revenues on a per transaction basis.

Gross profit margin represents our gross profit as a percentage of our revenue. Gross profit margin increased by approximately 2.9% to 26.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to 23.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2023.

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, our gross profit margin was 42.4%, 31.9%, (24.0)% and 17.5% in our aeronautics, architecture, automotive and safety tech segments, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2023, our gross profit margin was 32.0%, 32.6%, (17.6)% and 16.9% in our aeronautics, architecture, automotive and safety tech segments, respectively.

# Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses increased by approximately \$1.2 million, or 16.9%, to \$8.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$7.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from an increase in payroll and related expenses, including share-based compensation, in the amount of \$1.3 million, which was primarily due to an increase in salaries and an increase in the number of research and development employees, and an increase in rent and maintenance in the amount of \$0.6 million, offset by a decrease in subcontractors, in the amount of \$0.5 million.

## General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$5.1 million or 79.9%, to \$11.4 million for six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$6.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from an increase in payroll and related expenses, including share-based compensation, in the amount of \$3.6 million, an increase in subcontractor related costs in the amount of \$0.9 million, an increase in professional services costs in the amount of \$0.4 million and IPO related costs in the amount of \$0.3 million.

# Sales and marketing expenses

Sales and marketing expenses increased by approximately \$1.7 million, or 25.2%, to \$8.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$6.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase resulted mainly from an increase in payroll and related expenses, including share-based compensation, in the amount of \$1.7 million, an increase in rent and maintenance, in the amount of \$0.4 million, offset by a decrease in selling and marketing costs in the amount of \$0.7 million.

### Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased by approximately \$0.2 million, or 16.3%, to \$2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$1.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023, reflecting depreciation and amortization of newly acquired assets, including intellectual property.

# Other expenses

Other expenses decreased by approximately \$0.96 million, or 104%, to \$(0.04) million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023, reflecting changes in the fair value of contingent consideration resulting from the Vision Lite acquisition.

## Financial expenses, net

Financial expenses, net decreased by approximately \$4.1 million, or 17.7%, to \$18.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$22.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. This decrease was mainly due to a decrease of \$5.7 million in the fair value of warrants and financial liabilities measured at fair value and a decrease of \$2.1 million in income from investments, offset by an increase of \$2.4 million in interest expense on loans, convertible loans and long-term debt and an increase of \$1.4 million in foreign exchange loss, net.

#### Net loss

Net loss decreased by approximately \$1 million, or 2.6%, to \$36.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$37.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The decrease was mainly due to an increase in revenues, a decrease in financial expenses offset by an increase in our costs of revenues, research and development expenses and sales and marketing expenses.

### **Key Business Metrics and Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

We monitor the key business metrics set forth below to help us evaluate growth trends, establish budgets, measure the effectiveness of our sales and marketing efforts, and assess operational efficiencies. Our key business metrics are revenue backlog, EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Free Cash Flow and Adjusted Net Loss. Increases or decreases in our key performance metrics may not correspond with increases or decreases in our revenue.

# Revenue Backlog

	Thre	Three and Six Months Ended			
		30,			
(in thousands of USD)	2	024	2023		
Revenue backlog	\$	36,162	26,964		

Revenue backlog is a key business metric that we define as booked orders based on purchase orders or hard commitments (having a duration of less than one year) that have not been shipped yet or have been shipped but not yet recognized as revenue. We consider revenue backlog to be a useful metric for management and investors, because it is not affected by accounting standards, and, while its evaluated independently of our deferred revenue pursuant to our revenue recognition policy, it can be an important indicator of our expected recognized revenue for the periods following the measurement date. Our revenue backlog as of June 30, 2024 was approximately \$36.2 million, compared to revenue backlog of approximately \$27 million as of June 30, 2023. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in sales in the first half of 2024 in our aeronautics and safety tech business segments compared to the first half of 2023.

# **EBITD**A

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
(in thousands of USD)	2024	2023		2024	2023	
Net Loss	\$ 23,087	18,802	\$	36,334	37,321	
EBITDA	\$ (6,276)	(7,435)	\$	(14,379)	(11,616)	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (3,900)	(6,322)	\$	(8,652)	(9,661)	
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	(16)%	(32)%	)	(18)%	(26)%	

EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial metric that we define as our net loss, the most directly comparable financial measure based on U.S. GAAP, excluding net financial expense, tax expense and depreciation and amortization.

Our net loss increased by approximately \$4.3 million to \$23.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$18.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. Our EBITDA increased from \$(7.4) million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 to \$(6.3) million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. This increase was primarily driven by higher gross profit in the three months ended June 30, 2024, partially offset by increases in operating expenses, including our share-based compensation, research and development expenses, general and administrative expenses and sales and marketing expenses.

Our net loss decreased by approximately \$1 million to \$36.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$37.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. Our EBITDA decreased from \$(11.6) million for the six months ended June 30, 2023 to \$(14.4) million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. This decrease was primarily driven by increases in operating expenses, including our share-based compensation, research and development expenses, general and administrative expenses and sales and marketing expenses, partially offset by the higher gross profit in the six months ended June 30, 2024.

# Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Net Loss Margin

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial metric that we define as EBITDA (as defined above) excluding acquisition-related costs, one-time expenses and equity-based compensation expenses.

Our Adjusted EBITDA increased from \$(6.3) million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 to \$(3.9) million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. This increase was primarily driven by higher gross profit in the three months ended June 30, 2024 partially offset by increases in operating expenses, research and development expenses, general and administrative expenses and sales and marketing expenses.

Our Adjusted EBITDA increased from \$(9.7) million for the six months ended June 30, 2023 to \$(8.7) million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. This increase was primarily driven by higher gross profit in the six months ended June 30, 2024, partially offset by increases in operating expenses, research and development expenses, general and administrative expenses and sales and marketing expenses.

We define Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA (as defined above) for the period divided by revenue for the same period. We consider Net Loss divided by revenue as the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure to Adjusted EBITDA Margin. We defined Net Loss Margin as our Net Loss divided by revenue.

Our Net Loss Margin decreased from (94)% for the three months ended June 30, 2023 to (95)% for the three months ended June 30, 2024. Our Adjusted EBITDA Margin increased from (32)% for the three months ended June 30, 2023 to (16)% for the three months ended June 30, 2024. The increase was primarily driven by an increase in gross profit margin.

Our Net Loss Margin decreased from (100)% for the six months ended June 30, 2023 to (74)% for the six months ended June 30, 2024. Our Adjusted EBITDA Margin increased from (26)% for the six months ended June 30, 2023 to (18)% for the six months ended June 30, 2024. The increase was primarily driven by a decrease in gross profit margin.

# Free Cash Flow

	Six Months June 30	
(in thousands of USD)	 2024	2023
Net cash in operating activities	\$ (15,663)	(10,731)
Free Cash Flow	\$ (19,881)	(16,028)

Free Cash Flow is a non-GAAP financial metric that we define as net cash used in operating activities, the most directly comparable financial measure based on U.S. GAAP, less capital expenditures.

Our Free Cash Flow decreased from \$(16) million for the six months ended June 30, 2023 to \$(19.9) million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. This decrease was primarily driven by an increase of operating activities.

The following table reconciles Net Loss to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA, Net Loss Margin to Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Free Cash Flow to net cash used in operating activities, the most directly comparable GAAP measures:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in thousands of USD)		2024	2023		2024	2023		
Net Loss	\$	(23,087)	(18,802)	\$	(36,334)	(37,321)		
Income tax expense (income)	\$	22	41	\$	84	55		
Financial (income) expenses, net	\$	15,274	9,939	\$	18,828	22,886		
Depreciation and amortization	\$	1,515	1,387	\$	3,043	2,764		
EBITDA	\$	(6,276)	(7,435)	\$	(14,379)	(11,616)		
Acquisition related costs and debt raising costs	\$	852	40	\$	2,182	65		
Non-cash fair value adjustments <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	(193)	661	\$	(168)	1,069		
Equity-based compensation expense	\$	1,164	402	\$	3,324	824		
Doubtful debt expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	553	10	\$	389	(3)		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(3,900)	(6,322)	\$	(8,652)	(9,661)		
Net Loss Margin		(95)%	(94)%	Ó	(74)%	(100)%		
Adjusted EBITDA Margin		(16)%	(32)%	Ó	(18)%	(26)%		
Net cash used in operating activities		(8,725)	(6,738)		(15,663)	(10,731)		
Capital expenditures <sup>(3)</sup>		(2,922)	(1,374)		(4,342)	(2,797)		
Free Cash Flow		(11,523)	(10,612)		(19,881)	(16,028)		

- (1) One-time expenses (income).
- (2) Doubtful debt expenses related to accounts receivable that we do not expect to collect; such amounts are not included in our net trade receivables.
- (3) Capital expenditures mainly include expenditures related to leasehold improvements, production line and laboratory equipment and prototypes. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources Capital Expenditures" below for more information.

The following table shows our capital expenditures for each of the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended			
	June 30,		June 30,			
(in thousands of USD)	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Capital Expenditures	\$ 2,922	1,374	\$ 4,342	2,797		

We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures are useful in evaluating our business as a way of assisting an investor in evaluating future cash flows of the business.

# Adjusted Net Loss

Adjusted Net Loss is a non-GAAP financial metric that we define as Net Loss, adjusting for certain financial expenses, the amortization of intangible assets, certain acquisition and debt raising related costs, non-cash fair value adjustments and expenses related to equity-based compensation and doubtful debts.

The following table reconciles Net Loss to Adjusted Net Loss, the most directly comparable GAAP measure:

Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,		
(in thousands of USD)	2024		2023	2024		2023
Net Loss	\$	(23,087)	(18,802)	\$	(36,334)	(37,321)
Other financial (income) expenses, net <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	12,062	7,945	\$	11,169	17,950
Amortization of intangible assets <sup>(2)</sup>	\$	823	824	\$	1,653	1,648
Acquisition related costs and debt raising costs	\$	852	40	\$	2,182	65
Non-cash fair value adjustments <sup>(3)</sup>	\$	(193)	661	\$	(168)	1,069
Equity-based compensation expense	\$	1,164	402	\$	3,324	824
Doubtful debt expenses <sup>(4)</sup>	\$	553	10	\$	389	(3)
Adjusted Net Loss	\$	(7,826)	(8,920)	\$	(17,785)	(15,768)

- (1) Expenses related mainly to the valuation of financial instruments, convertible loans, NPAs and investments.
- (2) Intangible assets resulted from the acquisition of Vision Lite.
- (3) One-time expenses (income).
- (4) Doubtful debt expenses related to accounts receivable that we do not expect to collect; such amounts are not included in our net trade receivables.

Our Adjusted Net Loss decreased from \$(8.9) million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 to \$(7.8) million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. This decrease was primarily driven by the adjustment of equity-based compensation expense and doubtful debt expense.

Our Adjusted Net Loss increased from \$(15.8) million for the six months ended June 30, 2023 to \$(17.8) million for the six months ended June 30, 2024. This increase was primarily driven by the adjustments of acquisition related costs and equity based compensation offset by the adjustments of other financial income.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

#### Overview

Our capital requirements will depend on many factors, including sales volume, the timing and extent of spending to expand our production capabilities, support research and development efforts, investments in information technology systems, the expansion of sales and marketing activities, increased costs as we continue to hire additional personnel, and market adoption of new and enhanced products and features. For the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, we had a net loss of \$23.1 million and \$18.8 million, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, we had a net loss of \$36.3 million and \$37.3 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2024, our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$63.7 million.

To date, our principal sources of liquidity have been proceeds from our initial public offering in June 2024, private offerings of our convertible securities, proceeds from the issuance of SAFEs and proceeds from loans and credit facilities.

Based on our current business plan, we believe our current cash and cash equivalents, anticipated cash flow from operations and credit facilities, will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash requirements over at least the next 12 months from the date of this report. Even after completion of our initial public offering in June 2024, we may need to raise additional capital before we can expect to become profitable from sales of our light and vision control products and may raise additional capital to expand our business, to pursue strategic investments, to take advantage of financing opportunities or for other reasons.

If we are required to raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, dilution of shareholders may result. Any debt or equity securities issued may also have rights, preferences, and privileges senior to those of holders of our ordinary shares. The terms of debt securities or borrowings could impose significant restrictions on our operations. The credit market and financial services industry have in the past, and may in the future, experience periods of uncertainty that could impact the availability and cost of equity and debt financing.

We have lease obligations and other contractual obligations and commitments as part of our ordinary course of business. See "*Note 12: Leases*" to our audited consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2023. We did not have during the periods presented, and we do not currently have, any off-balance sheet arrangements involving commitments or obligations, including contingent obligations, arising from arrangements with unconsolidated entities or persons that have or are reasonably likely to have a material current or future effect on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, cash requirements or capital resources.

# Capital Expenditures

For the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, we made capital expenditures of \$2.9 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, we made capital expenditures of \$4.3 million and \$2.8 million, respectively. These capital expenditures mainly include expenditures related to leasehold improvements and demonstrations.

### **Government Grants**

Our research and development efforts were financed, in part, through royalty-bearing and non-royalty-bearing grants from the IIA. As of June 30, 2024, we received IIA royalty-bearing grants totaling approximately \$1.3 million of which approximately \$0.1 million of such amount has been repaid.

We are committed to pay royalties to the IIA at a rate of approximately 1.0% to 3.5% on sales proceeds from our products (and know-how and related services) that were developed, in whole or in part, using the IIA royalty-bearing grants we received under IIA programs up to the total amount of royalty-bearing grants received, linked to the U.S. dollar and bearing annual interest at rates prescribed by the IIA's rules and guidelines.

We may in the future apply to receive additional grants from the IIA. However, we cannot predict whether we will be entitled to any future grants, or the amounts of any such grants.

Under the Encouragement of Research, Development and Technological Innovation in the Industry Law, 5744-1984, and the regulations, guidelines, rules, procedures, and benefit tracks thereunder, or, collectively, the Innovation Law, research and development programs that meet specified criteria and are approved by a committee of the IIA are eligible for grants. A company that receives a royalty-bearing grant from the IIA is typically required to pay royalties to the IIA on income generated from products incorporating IIA-funded know-how (including income derived from services associated with such products and from IIA-funded know-how), up to 100% of the U.S. dollar-linked royalty-bearing grant amount plus interest.

The obligation to pay royalties is contingent on actual income generated from such products and services. In the absence of such income, no payment of royalties is required.

In general, the Innovation Law requires that the products developed as part of the programs under which the grants were given be manufactured in Israel, unless prior approval is attained from the IIA (such approval is not required for the transfer of a portion of the manufacturing capacity which does not exceed, in the aggregate, 10% of the manufacturing (in which case only notification is required, however, the IIA has a right to deny such transfer within 30 days following the receipt of such notice)). In general, the transfer of manufacturing capacity outside of Israel may be subject to an increase in the amount of royalties payable (depending on the manufacturing volume to be performed outside Israel) and to an increase in the rate of royalties.

The Innovation Law also restricts the ability to transfer IIA-funded know outside of Israel. A transfer for the purpose of the Innovation Law is generally interpreted very broadly and includes, among other things, any sale of the IIA-funded know-how, any license to develop the IIA-funded know-how or the products resulting from such IIA-funded know-how or any other transaction, which, in essence, constitutes a transfer of IIA-funded know-how. This limitation does not restrict the export of products that incorporate IIA-funded know-how. A transfer of IIA-funded know-how outside of Israel requires prior approval and may be subject to payment of a redemption fee to the IIA, calculated in accordance with a formula provided under the Innovation Law. The redemption fee is subject to a cap of six times the total amount of the IIA grants, plus interest.

Subject to prior approval of the IIA, we may transfer the IIA-funded know-how to another Israeli company. If the IIA-funded know-how is transferred to another Israeli entity, the transfer would still require IIA approval but will not be subject to the payment of the redemption fee (however, there may be an obligation to pay royalties to the IIA from the income of such sale transaction as part of the royalty payment obligation). In such case, the acquiring company would have to assume all of the applicable restrictions and obligations towards the IIA (including the restrictions on the transfer of know-how and manufacturing outside of Israel) as a condition to the IIA's approval.

The restrictions under the Innovation Law, including restrictions on the transfer of IIA-funded know-how and manufacturing outside of Israel, continue to apply even after the payment of the full amount of royalties in respect of grants. However, upon payment of the redemption fee on a transfer of IIA-funded know-how outside Israel, the obligations towards the IIA (including the obligation to pay royalties) and restrictions under the Innovation Law cease to apply.

We cannot be certain that any approval of the IIA will be obtained on terms that are acceptable to us, or at all. We may not receive the required approvals should we wish to transfer IIA-funded know-how and/or manufacture products developed with IIA-funded know-how outside of Israel in the future. Furthermore, in the event that we undertake a transaction involving the transfer to a non-Israeli entity of IIA-funded know-how pursuant to a merger or similar transaction, the consideration available to our shareholders may be reduced by the amounts we are required to pay to the IIA. If we fail to satisfy the conditions of the Innovation Law, we may be required to refund the amounts of the grants previously received, together with interest and penalties, and may become subject to criminal charges.

## Indebtedness

# Israeli Bank Loans

During 2020, we entered into a loan agreement with an Israeli bank in the amount of \$0.5 million, or the 2020 Loan. The annual interest rate was Libor + 10.5% and the loan was to be repaid in 30 monthly payments beginning in March 2021. As part of the terms of the loan, we issued to the bank warrants to purchase 4,180 series C preferred shares at an exercise price of \$14.35 per share and exercisable for eight years commencing from the date of the loan.

On October 19, 2021, we entered into an additional loan facility agreement with an Israeli bank, pursuant to which we borrowed an aggregate loan amount of \$3 million, which bore interest at a rate of 4.2% per annum, or the 2021 Loan. As part of the terms of the 2021 Loan, we issued to the bank warrants to purchase up to 5,791 shares of the most senior class of our shares existing as of a date determined pursuant to the terms thereof (i.e., our series D preferred shares), at an exercise price of \$31.08 per share and exercisable for eight years commencing from the date of the loan.

In January 2022, the bank loans were repaid in full following the signing of the Facility Agreement described below. Following the signing of the Facility Agreement, inter alia, the commitments under the Company's loans with the Israeli bank in an amount of \$3.7 million were repaid except for: (i) the three outstanding warrants issued to the bank, one of which was exercised on a cashless basis in April 2024 pursuant to which we issued 16,350 preferred A-3 shares, which converted into 16,350 ordinary shares in connection with our initial public offering in June 2024; (ii) a loan agreement dated May 13, 2020, pursuant to which the Company borrowed an aggregate loan amount of NIS 2.1 million; (iii) a pledge dated January 23, 2018 registered on February 2, 2018 and a pledge dated May 13, 2020 registered on June 8, 2020, and (iv) a fee to be paid to the bank in case of an exit event. As of June 30, 2024, warrants to purchase 9,971 ordinary shares that were issued to the Israeli bank were outstanding.

### Convertible Loan Agreements

During the first quarter of 2020, we entered into convertible loan agreements, or the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreements, with three lenders, or the CLA Lenders, pursuant to which the CLA Lenders agreed to loan us a sum of \$2.55 million, or the Loan Amount. The 2020 Convertible Loan Agreements were issued with accompanying warrants to purchase series C shares and bear 10% annual interest and matured on July 31, 2021. If the Loan Amount is repaid or converted prior to the maturity date, the interest will be calculated as of the maturity date and not the actual repayment or conversion date. During January 2021, one of the CLA Lenders converted its 2020 Convertible Loan Agreement into 15,008 series C preferred shares, for an amount of \$230,000 including accrued interest. As a result of the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreement having converted into series C preferred shares in January 2021, such CLA Lender's warrants expired according to their terms.

During March 2020, we entered into an additional convertible loan agreement, or the Subsequent 2020 Convertible Loan Agreement, with a lender (pursuant to which the lender agreed to loan us a sum of \$3 million). The Subsequent 2020 Convertible Loan Agreement was issued with warrants to purchase preferred C shares and bore 8% annual interest with a maturity date of March 25, 2022. In September 2020, as a result of a Qualified Financing, the lender converted the Subsequent Loan Amount into 217,025 series C preferred shares, out of which 205,539 series C preferred shares were issued in September 2020 and 11,487 Series C preferred shares, were issued in April 2021. As a result of the Subsequent 2020 Convertible Loan Agreement having converted into series C preferred shares in September 2020, its warrants expired according to their terms.

In October 2021, we entered into an amendment to the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreements whereby the two remaining CLA Lenders under such 2020 Convertible Loan Agreements agreed to amend the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreements such that: (i) the maturity date was extended to July 31, 2022, (ii) the interest on the loan should be accrued and be compounded on a quarterly basis commencing August 1, 2021, (iii) repayment of the loan shall only occur upon 60 days' prior written notice by the Company to the CLA Lenders, (iv) to the extent we are unable to repay the loan by the amended maturity date, the CLA Lenders shall agree to a further extension, and (v) the amendment shall take effect from July 15, 2021.

In January 2022, the two remaining CLA Lenders agreed with the lenders under the Facility Agreement that the rights of the CLA Lenders are subordinated in favor of the lenders under the Facility Agreement, including not having any rights to receive or to demand any amounts payable to them under the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreements (other than conversion into shares) until the obligations under the Facility Agreement have been discharged in full.

In July 2022, the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreement and the accompanying warrants were further amended in order to extend the term of the underlying loan, or the July 2022 CLA Amendment. Under the July 2022 CLA Amendment, the final date for repayment was amended and extended for an additional twelve (12) months to July 31, 2023. In addition, as of August 1, 2022, the interest was amended to reflect a net interest rate of twelve percent (12%) per annum, compounded on a quarterly basis, which shall be due and payable upon either repayment or conversion of the loan in accordance with the terms of the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreement, by way of the conversion of the interest into our series C preferred shares at a price per share equal to \$10.72, or repayment of the interest, as shall be determined by the CLA Lenders. The July 2022 CLA Amendment further provides a mandatory conversion of the Loan Amount into our series C preferred shares immediately prior, and subject to, the closing of an IPO or SPAC Transaction (as defined in our amended and restated articles of association immediately in effect prior to our initial public offering). Under the July 2022 CLA Amendment, the exercise period under the accompanying warrants was amended to a period commencing on the date of the July 2022 CLA Amendment and ending on the earlier of (i) the second anniversary of the repayment of the Loan Amount or the conversion thereof in accordance with the terms of the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreement (whichever occurs first); and (ii) immediately prior to, and subject to the closing of, an IPO or a SPAC Transaction (as defined in our amended and restated articles of association immediately in effect prior to our initial public offering). In connection with the July 2022 CLA Amendment, each CLA Lender received additional warrants to purchase our series D preferred shares in an amount equal to eighteen percent (18%) of the total outstanding amount under the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreement as of July 31, 2022, equal to an aggregate of 17,102

Upon the consummation of our initial public offering, the remaining balance of the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreements (including the accrued interest) converted into 322,476 ordinary shares based upon the initial public offering price of \$17.00 and we issued an additional 8,087 ordinary shares following the cashless exercise of warrants to purchase series C preferred shares.

In March 2023, we entered into an additional convertible loan agreement, or the 2023 Convertible Loan Agreement, with several lenders pursuant to which the lenders loaned us a sum of \$38.9 million. The 2023 Convertible Loan Agreement was issued with warrants to purchase shares of the most senior class of our shares existing immediately prior to the exercise of such warrant and bear 12% annual interest, which shall be due and payable upon repayment or upon the conversion of the lender's loan amount into a number of shares, or the 2023 CLA Shares, upon the occurrence of the following events: (i) an IPO (as defined in the 2023 Convertible Loan Agreement), (ii) a Deemed Liquidation (as defined in the 2023 Convertible Loan Agreement), (iv) an optional conversion, including in the event of a repayment of the loan amount, at the lender's election or (v) at the lender's election if not earlier converted prior to the third anniversary of the disbursement date of the loan proceeds with respect to such lender. The 2023 CLA Shares shall be a newly created series of our preferred equity having such rights and privileges as our then most recently authorized series of preferred equity with the additional rights as set forth in the 2023 Convertible Loan Agreement. As of June 30, 2024, warrants to purchase 1,964,989 ordinary shares that were issued in connection with the 2023 Convertible Loan Agreement were outstanding.

In July 2023, we entered into a further amendment to the outstanding 2020 Convertible Loan Agreements and the accompanying warrants, which we refer to as the CLA Amendment, such that: (i) as of August 1, 2023, the interest was amended to reflect a net interest rate of 12% per annum, compounded on a yearly basis, with the total interest not being less than 24%, and (ii) the loan under the 2020 Convertible Loan Agreements is subject to a mandatory conversion into our most senior class of security, upon and subject to, the closing of an IPO or SPAC Transaction (as defined in our amended and restated articles of association immediately in effect prior to our initial public offering). Upon the consummation of our initial public offering in June 2024, we issued 3,769,855 ordinary shares upon the conversion of the principal and interest of the 2023 Convertible Loan Agreement, based upon the initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share.

In March 2024, we entered into an amendment to the 2023 Convertible Loan Agreement pursuant to which the maximum loan amount was raised to \$40,000,000 and the Board was given authority under certain circumstances to determine that certain lenders qualify as Significant Lenders and/or Overallotment Lenders (as such terms are defined in the 2023 Convertible Loan Agreement and the warrants issued thereunder).

Upon consummation of our initial public offering, the remaining balance of the 2023 Convertible Loan Agreement (including the accrued interest) converted into 3,769,854 ordinary shares based upon the initial public offering price of \$17.00.

# OIC 2024 Note Purchase Agreement

In January 2024, we entered into a note purchase agreement, or the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, with Vision Lite, as the issuer, Gauzy Ltd., Gauzy USA, Inc. and Gauzy GmbH, as the guarantors and OIC Growth Fund I, L.P., OIC Growth Fund I PV, L.P., OIC Growth Fund I AUS, L.P. and OIC Growth Fund I GPFA, L.P., as purchasers, or the 2024 Note Purchasers, and OIC Investment Agent, LLC as administrative agent and collateral agent.

Under the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, the 2024 Note Purchasers extended financing to Vision Lite in the principal amount of \$23.5 million, which was utilized and drawn down in full by way of issuance and sale of senior secured notes, or the 2024 Notes, by Vision Lite to the 2024 Note Purchasers. In connection with the closing of the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, we repaid the amounts owed under the Facility Agreement, other than with respect to certain amounts under the "phantom warrant." See "Liquidity and Capital Resources — Indebtedness — Credit Facility" below for additional information. In addition, in January 2024, we amended the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, or the 2024 NPA Amendment, pursuant to which the 2024 Note Purchasers made available to us an additional commitment in the principal amount of up to \$2.5 million that may be utilized and drawn down by way of issuance and sale of additional senior secured notes by Vision Lite to the 2024 Note Purchasers. In April 2024, the \$2.5 million additional commitment under the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement (as amended by the 2024 NPA Amendment) was utilized by way of issuance and sale of additional 2024 Notes.

In addition, under the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, the 2024 Note Purchasers extended a commitment to purchase additional notes in an amount of up to \$15.0 million (which commitment was reduced in full on a dollar-for-dollar basis by amounts invested by the 2024 Note Purchasers in our initial public offering in June 2024).

The 2024 Notes bear annual interest, payable quarterly, and are due on November 8, 2028, provided that 2024 Notes may be subject to partial prepayment following the date the annual financial statements of the Company are due to be delivered in accordance with the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, in an amount equal to 25% of the excess cash flow calculated in accordance with the terms of the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement. Subject to certain conditions specified therein, the 2024 Notes may be voluntarily prepaid at any time.

Amounts owing under the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement, including the principal, interest and fees payable on any issued 2024 Notes, are secured by first-ranking liens on our and certain of our subsidiaries' assets.

In connection with the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement and the 2024 NPA Amendment, we issued to the 2024 Note Purchasers warrants, or the 2024 Note Purchaser Warrants, to purchase up to 682,282 series D-5 preferred shares of the Company with an exercise price of \$15.61 per share. Following the closing of our initial public offering in June 2024, the 2024 Note Purchaser Warrants are exercisable into ordinary shares of the Company. The 2024 Note Purchaser Warrants are exercisable until November 8, 2028. In addition, in connection with our initial public offering in June 2024, we issued an additional warrant to the 2024 Note Purchaser, or the Additional 2024 Note Purchaser Warrants, to purchase up to 137,040 ordinary shares of the Company. The Additional 2024 Note Purchaser Warrants are in the same form and on substantially the same terms as the 2024 Note Purchaser Warrants.

#### November 2023 Note Purchase Agreement

In November 2023, we entered into a note purchase agreement, or the Note Purchase Agreement, with Vision Lite, as the issuer, Gauzy Ltd., Gauzy USA Inc. and Gauzy GmbH, as the guarantors and Chutzpah Holdings Ltd., or the 2023 Note Purchaser, as purchaser, administrative agent and collateral agent. Under the Note Purchase Agreement, the 2023 Note Purchaser extended a credit facility to Vision Lite in an aggregate principal amount of \$60.0 million, or the Commitment, that may be utilized and drawn down by way of issuance and sale of senior secured notes, or the 2023 Notes, by an issuer to the Note Purchaser. As of the date of this Form 6-K, Vision Lite is the sole issuer, although Vision Lite may designate additional issuers pursuant to the Note Purchase Agreement. As of the date of this report, \$25.0 million of the Commitment has been utilized and drawn down and which has subsequently been repaid in full. Such amounts, once repaid, cannot be re-utilized.

The principal amount of 2023 Notes issued to the 2023 Note Purchaser under the Note Purchase Agreement bore interest of 16.0% per annum, or the Interest Rate. In addition, a commitment fee of 5.0% per annum was payable by the 2023 Notes issuer (or issuers in the event that we designate additional issuers pursuant to the Note Purchase Agreement) on the unutilized amount of the Commitment.

Upon repayment or prepayment of any 2023 Notes, the issuer of such 2023 Notes was required to pay the Note Purchaser an exit fee equal to (A) the product of (i) the principal amount of the 2023 Notes being repaid or prepaid, multiplied by (ii) 4.0%, plus (B) an amount equal to the Interest Rate accruing on the amount calculated under (A) during a period from and including the date on which such 2023 Notes were issued and settled to but excluding the date of repayment or prepayment thereof. In addition, the 2023 Note Purchaser is entitled, upon the final repayment or prepayment of the 2023 Notes (including following acceleration of the amounts outstanding under the 2023 Notes and repayment by way of conversion), to payment of a make-whole amount equal to the positive difference (if any) of (i) the product of (A) the aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes multiplied by (B) the Minimum Return less (ii) the sum of (A) the aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes on or prior to the date of such repayment or prepayment, plus (C) the amount of commitment fees paid or to be paid in cash to the 2023 Note Purchaser on or prior to the date of such repayment or prepayment, plus (D) the amount of Exit Fee paid or to be paid in cash to the 2023 Note Purchaser on or prior to the date of such repayment or prepayment, plus (D) the amount of Exit Fee paid or to be paid in cash to the 2023 Note Purchaser on or prior to the date of such repayment or prepayment, plus (D) the amount of Exit Fee paid or to be paid in cash to the 2023 Note Purchaser to achieve a 1.50 to 1.00 return on the aggregate original principal amount of all 2023 Notes issued and (ii) Exit Fee means (A) the product of (i) the principal amount of the 2023 Notes being repaid or prepaid, multiplied by (ii) four percent, plus (B) an amount equal to the interest rate accruing on the amount calculated under (A) during a period from and including the closing date on which such 2023 Notes were issued to but excluding the date of repayment or prepayment thereof

The amounts owing under the Note Purchase Agreement, including the principal, interest and fees payable on any issued 2023 Notes, are secured by liens on the assets of Vision Lite, including a pledge of 100% of the equity interests in Gauzy SAS, and liens on all of our assets (including intellectual property), including a pledge of 100% of the equity interests in Vision Lite, Gauzy USA Inc. and Gauzy GmbH, which liens are second ranking and subject to the first ranking liens granted to the 2024 Note Purchasers and the obligations under the Note Purchase Agreement shall be junior and subordinated to the obligations under the 2024 Note Purchase Agreement.

In connection with the Note Purchase Agreement, we entered into (i) a debenture pursuant to which we granted, as security for amounts owing by us under the Note Purchase Agreement and any guarantee, a second ranking floating charge, over all of our rights and property currently existing and/or to be existing in the future and a second ranking fixed charge, over, inter alia, our authorized share capital and our reputation, rights under a certain shareholder loan agreement between us and Vision Lite, our fixed assets, our intellectual property, and shares held by us in certain subsidiaries; (ii) pledge agreements, pursuant to which we granted the 2023 Note Purchaser a second ranking pledge and security interest over the shares we hold in Vision Lite and over receivables owed to us by Vision Lite; and (iii) a pledge agreement, pursuant to which we granted to the 2023 Note Purchaser a second ranking pledge and security interest over the shares we hold in Gauzy GmbH. The security that we and Vision Lite granted to the 2023 Note Purchaser under the debenture and the various pledge agreements was junior and subordinate to the security that we and Vision Lite granted to the lenders under the Facility Agreement.

In connection with the Note Purchase Agreement, we issued (i) warrants to purchase up to 686,400 series D-5 preferred shares, or the D-5 Warrants, and (ii) warrants to purchase up to 274,559 series D-6 preferred shares, or the D-6 Warrants. The D-5 Warrants and the D-6 Warrants are exercisable until November 8, 2028. The D-5 Warrants and the D-6 Warrants are exercisable into ordinary shares (and the number of ordinary shares of the Company into which the D-5 Warrants and D-6 Warrants are exercisable, respectively, is the number of ordinary shares into which such Preferred D-5 shares and Preferred D-6 shares, respectively, would have converted had they been converted prior to our initial public offering). The D-5 Warrants and the D-6 Warrants vest on a daily basis, such that each day from the date of their issuance the number of shares that may be purchased thereunder equals the product of (i) the maximum number of shares exercisable under the applicable warrant and (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes issued to the 2023 Note Purchaser pursuant to the Note Purchase Agreement, and the denominator of which is \$60,000,000. The D-5 Warrants are exercisable at a price per share equal to \$15.61. The D-6 Warrants are exercisable at a price per share equal to the D-5 Exercise Price multiplied by 1.2, or \$18.73.

Under the Note Purchase Agreement, we and our subsidiaries are subject to various negative and affirmative covenants, which include, among others, the following: (i) limitations on incurrence of additional financial indebtedness and granting of liens (subject to certain permitted incurrences of indebtedness); (ii) limitations on investments in, and formation or acquisition of, additional entities or joint ventures; (iii) limitations on the conduct of any material activities other than those related to the development, manufacture and marketing of vision and light control technologies or incidental thereto; (iv) we are required to maintain at all times a cash balance of at least \$1.5 million; and (v) additional limitations on payments to shareholders of dividends or any indebtedness, and other limitations on change in control as specified in the Note Purchase Agreement. In addition, the Note Purchase Agreement contains events of default customary in such transactions, including non-payment, breach of covenants, breach of representations, bankruptcy, insolvency proceedings and creditors' process, or occurrence of a material adverse event. In some events, default is subject to grace or cure periods prescribed by the Note Purchase Agreement.

# Credit Facility

On January 19, 2022, we entered into a facility agreement with certain credit funds for a loan facility in the aggregate amount of up to \$30 million, or the Facility Agreement, respectively. Subsequent to entering into the Facility Agreement, on January 26, 2022, we drew down an amount of \$20 million, or the First Loan, which was used to repay our bank loans with an Israeli bank, and towards the acquisition of Vision Lite.

The Facility Agreement was amended by a First Amendment on April 25, 2022, under which Vision Lite acceded to the Facility Agreement as an additional borrower, and assumed 25% of the first loan (\$5 million) and 25% of the unutilized amount of the Facility (\$2.5 million), against repayment of a corresponding amount owed by it to us under inter-company loans. The Facility was thereafter fully utilized on April 25, 2022 by the drawdown of loans by each of the Company and Vision Lite (aggregated into a loan in an amount of \$22.5 million (75%) owed by us, and a loan in an amount of \$7.5 million owed by Vision Lite (25%)), or the Facility Loans.

The credit funds also received a "phantom warrant" under the terms of the Facility Agreement which entitles them to a cash payment (allocated proportionately among the Company (75%) and Vision Lite (25%)) equal, in the aggregate, to the higher of (i) \$3 million, or the Cash Payment; or (ii) the difference between the price per share (PPS) of a series D preferred share in an "Exit Event" (based on our valuation, as reflected in the terms of the Exit Event as defined below), and the preferred D shares PPS of \$31.08, multiplied by 172,624 series D preferred shares (or such number of ordinary shares into which such shares shall have been converted, on or prior to such Exit Event, in accordance with their terms).

On July 3, 2023, we entered into a waiver and amendment agreement to the Facility Agreement, or the Waiver and Amendment Agreement, pursuant to which our repayment obligations were amended such that the repayment date for certain principal amounts occurring on June 30, 2023 in accordance with the Facility Agreement were to be postponed and repaid on September 30, 2023, or the Postponed Amounts, with the interest payments continuing to be repaid in accordance with the original payment schedule on the original repayment date pursuant to the Facility Agreement. The Postponed Amounts bear an additional interest at a rate of 2% per annum until repayment, which were due on September 30, 2023. Pursuant to the Waiver and Amendment Agreement, commencing July 1, 2023, the interest rate of the Facility Loans was increased at a rate of 1% per annum. Under the Waiver and Amendment Agreement, the credit funds were granted a right, upon full repayment of the Facility Loans, to demand payment of up to 50% of the "phantom warrant." Under the Waiver and Amendment Agreement, were undertook to deliver to the credit funds, no later than July 31, 2023, commitments of investors to invest \$10.0 million in the Company no later than September 30, 2023.

On October 5, 2023, we entered into another waiver and amendment agreement with respect to the Facility Agreement, under which it was agreed that our payment obligations under the Facility Agreement due on or prior to September 30, 2023 may be postponed until November 2, 2023, in consideration for payment of a waiver fee in a total amount of \$1.5 million. We paid the waiver fee on November 11, 2023 along with the amount that was initially due on November 2, 2023.

On January 29, 2024, the parties to the Facility Agreement entered into a payoff and full satisfaction of secured obligations letter, or the Payoff Letter. Under the terms of the Payoff Letter, all amounts payable to the credit funds have been repaid to the credit funds, other than 50% of the "phantom warrant," which remains payable pursuant to the provisions of the Facility Agreement. Upon the consummation of our initial public offering in June 2024, the parties to the Facility Agreement, were entitled to receive, at their election, either \$1.5 million 88,253 ordinary shares, based upon an initial public offering price of \$17.00 per share. In July 2024, the parties to the Facility Agreement elected to receive \$1.5 million, which satisfied in full the remaining 50% of the "phantom warrant."

# Paycheck Protection Program Loan

In May 2020, we entered into a bank loan in the amount of \$0.5 million under an Israeli government established state-guaranteed loan plan for the financial support of businesses following the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic. The loan has a maturity date of May 20, 2025 and bears annual interest of prime plus 1.5% that is payable by us beginning from the second year of the loan, which has commenced as of the date of this report.

## Completion of our Initial Public Offering

On June 7, 2024, we closed our initial public offering of 4,411,765 ordinary shares at a public offering price of \$17.00 per ordinary share, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$75,000,000, prior to deducting underwriting discounts and other offering expenses.

Our ordinary shares began trading on the Nasdaq Global Market under the ticker symbol "GAUZ" on June 6, 2024.

### **Cash Flows**

### Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2023

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the periods presented:

	June 30	June 30, (unaudited)		
	2024	2023		
(in thousands of USD)	(USD)	(USD)		
Cash at beginning of the period	4,705	4,696		
Net cash used in operating activities	(15,663)	(10,731)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,218)	(5,297)		
Net cash provided by financing activities	78,974	13,463		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	59,093	(2,565)		
Translation adjustments on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	(13)	42		
Cash at the end of the period	63,785	2,173		

Six Months Ended

## Net cash used in operating activities

Net cash used in operating activities increased by approximately \$5.0 million, or 46.0%, to approximately \$15.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$10.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. This increase was mainly from an increase of \$2.6 million in trade payables, an increase of \$2.5 million in share-based compensation, and an increase of \$1.0 million in the loss for the period, off-set by a decrease of \$2 million in non-cash financial expenses, a decrease of \$2.2 million in payment of earn-out, a decrease of \$2.1 million in changes in restricted trading marketable securities, net, a decrease of \$1.3 million in employee related obligations, a decrease of \$1.3 million in accrued expenses, a decrease of \$1.0 million in change in the fair value of earnout, a decrease of \$1.0 million in institutions and a decrease of \$0.9 million in trade receivables.

# Net cash used in investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities decreases by \$1.1 million or 20.4%, to approximately \$4.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$5.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. This decrease was mainly due to an advance on purchase of IP related to the Patent Assignment and Know-How Disclosure Agreement with Resonac in the amount of \$2.5 million reflected in the first half of 2023, off-set by an increase of \$1.5 million in purchases of property, plant, and equipment.

# Net cash used in financing activities

Net cash provided by financing activities increased by \$65.5 million, or 486.6%, to approximately \$79.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$13.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. This increase was mainly due to the receipt of proceeds from our initial public offering in June 2024, net of offering costs, in the amount of \$66.5 million and an increase in proceeds from long-term debt measured under the fair value option in the amount of \$29.1 million, off-set by an increase in payments from of long-term debt measured under the fair value option in the amount of \$24.6 million, a decrease in proceeds from issuance of convertible loans in the amount of \$1.9 million, an increase in settlement of phantom warrants in the amount of \$1.5 million and a decrease in proceeds from the issuance of redeemable convertible preferred shares in the amount of \$1.3 million.

# **Critical Accounting Policies**

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates, assumptions and judgments that can significantly impact the amounts we report as assets, liabilities, revenue, costs and expenses and the related disclosures. We base our estimates on historical experience and other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. Our actual results could differ significantly from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

While our significant accounting policies are described in more detail in the notes to our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Form 6-K, we believe the following accounting policies used in the preparation of our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements require the most significant judgments and estimates. Please see Note 2 to our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Form 6-K for additional information.

# Share-Based Compensation

We recognize the cost of share-based awards granted to employees and directors based on the estimated grant-date fair value of the awards. We elected to recognize share-based compensation costs on a straight-line method for awards. Forfeitures are accounted for as they occur. The fair value of each option award is estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The application of the Black-Scholes model utilizes significant assumptions, including the underlying share price (see the section titled "Convertible Instruments" below) and volatility. Significant judgment is required in determining the expected volatility of our ordinary shares. Due to the limited history of trading of our ordinary shares, we determined expected volatility based on a peer group of publicly traded companies. Increases (decreases) in the assumptions result in a directionally similar impact to the fair value of the option award.

#### Convertible Instruments

Financial instruments convertible to preferred shares are recorded as liabilities measured at their fair value and remeasured on each reporting date with changes in estimated fair value in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss.

The critical accounting estimates for the valuation of these instruments were (a) fair value of the underlying preferred shares and (b) volatility-based on peer companies' volatility. The fair value of our preferred shares was determined based on various objective and subjective factors. These factors included, but are not limited to: (i) contemporaneous third-party valuations of ordinary shares which indicated the rights, preferences, and privileges of preferred shares relative to ordinary shares including a waterfall allocation which depicted fair value of ordinary shares and preferred shares; (ii) recent preferred share financing rounds, and (iii) the likelihood of an IPO scenario or liquidation events.

### Goodwill Impairment

We perform an impairment test annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of a reporting unit may not be recoverable. When tested for impairment, we estimate the fair values of our reporting units using a discounted cash flow model which utilizes Level 3 unobservable inputs. Key estimates include revenue growth rates and operating margins, terminal growth rates and discount rates. The discount rate used is based on the WACC, adjusted for the relevant risk associated with the country- and business-specific characteristics of each reporting unit. See note 2e to our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Form 6-K for further details on the goodwill impairment test in the first half of 2024

## **Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

We are exposed to a variety of financial risks, which result from our financing, operating and investing activities. The objective of financial risk management is to contain, where appropriate, exposures in these financial risks to limit any negative impact on our financial performance and position. Our main financial instruments are our cash and other receivables, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise financing for our operations. We actively measure, monitor and manage our financial risk exposures by various functions pursuant to the segregation of duties and principals. The risks arising from our financial instruments are mainly credit risk and currency risk. The risk management policies employed by us to manage these risks are discussed below.

### Credit risk

Credit risk arises when a failure by counterparties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the balance sheet date. We closely monitor the activities of our counterparties and control the access to our intellectual property which enables us to ensure the prompt collection. Our main financial assets are cash as well as trade receivables and other receivables and represent our maximum exposure to credit risk in connection with our financial assets. Wherever possible and commercially practical, we hold cash with major financial institutions in Israel.

#### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not our functional currency. We are exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency exposure primarily with respect to the New Israeli Shekels, the lawful currency of the State of Israel, or NIS, as the majority of our expenses are denominated in NIS. As most of our revenues are USD derived, the USD is our functional currency. Our current policy is not to enter into any currency hedging transactions.

#### Liquidity risks

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity of assets and the maturity of liabilities do not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but it can also increase the risk of loss. We have procedures to minimize such loss by maintaining sufficient cash and other highly liquid current assets and by having available an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. As of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, we had accumulated losses of approximately \$208.2 million and \$129.9 million, respectively.

### **Emerging Growth Company Status**

We qualify as an "emerging growth company" as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012. An emerging growth company may take advantage of specified reduced reporting and other burdens that are otherwise applicable generally to public companies. These provisions include:

- a requirement to present only two years of audited financial statements in addition to any required interim financial statements and correspondingly reduced Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations disclosure;
- to the extent that we no longer qualify as a foreign private issuer, (i) reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements and (ii) exemptions from the requirement to hold a non-binding advisory vote on executive compensation, including golden parachute compensation;
- an exemption from the auditor attestation requirement in the assessment of our internal control over financial reporting pursuant to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002; and
- an exemption from compliance with the requirement that the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board has adopted regarding a supplement to the auditor's report providing additional information about the audit and the financial statements.

### Risk Factors

Except as set forth below, there are no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in the Final Prospectus.

### Conditions in Israel could materially and adversely affect our business.

Our headquarters, research and development and other significant operations are located in Israel and many of our employees, including a majority of our management members and a number of our key employees, operate from our offices that are located in Tel Aviv, Israel. In addition, a number of our directors and officers are residents of Israel. Accordingly, political, economic, and military conditions in Israel and the surrounding region may directly affect our business and operations. Armed conflicts, hostilities or political instability in the region may negatively affect business conditions and could harm our business and results of operations.

Since the establishment of the State of Israel in 1948, a number of armed conflicts have occurred between Israel and its neighboring countries and terrorist organizations active in the region, including Hamas (an Islamist militia and political group in the Gaza Strip) and Hezbollah (an Islamist militia and political group in Lebanon). Any hostilities involving Israel or the interruption or curtailment of trade between Israel and its trading partners could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In October 2023, Hamas terrorists infiltrated Israel's southern border from the Gaza Strip and conducted a series of attacks on civilian and military targets. Hamas also launched extensive rocket attacks on the Israeli population and industrial centers located along Israel's border with the Gaza Strip and in other areas within the State of Israel. These attacks resulted in thousands of deaths and injuries, and, in addition, Hamas kidnapped many Israeli civilians and soldiers. Following the attack, Israel's security cabinet declared war against Hamas and commenced a military campaign against Hamas in parallel to Hamas' continued rocket and other terror attacks.

Following the attack by Hamas on Israel's southern border, Hezbollah in Lebanon has also launched missile, rocket, and shooting attacks against Israeli military sites, troops, and civilian areas in northern Israel. In response to these attacks, the Israeli army has carried out a number of targeted strikes on Hezbollah in southern Lebanon. It is possible that other terrorist organizations, including those located in the West Bank, as well as other countries hostile to Israel will join the hostilities. In addition, Iran recently launched a direct attack on Israel involving hundreds of drones and missiles and has threatened to continue to attack Israel.

Many Israeli citizens are obligated to perform annual military reserve duty for periods ranging from several days to several weeks until they reach the age of 40 (or older, for reservists who are military officers or who have certain occupations) and, in the event of a military conflict, may be called to active duty. In connection with the Israeli security cabinet's declaration of war against Hamas and possible hostilities with other organizations, the Israeli military called up several hundred thousand of its reserves for active service. As of August 1, 2024, two of our employees in Israel are serving in active duty, none of whom are executives or perform critical or exclusive functions. Additional employees, including a member of management, may be called up for service in the current or any future military conflict. Although to date our operations have not been disrupted by such call-ups, we cannot assure that this will be the case in the future. Such disruption could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our executive offices are located in Tel Aviv, Israel, which, although not near Israel's northern or southern borders where the main hostilities are currently taking place, has been subject to rocket attacks. While the majority of our management team is located in Israel, only approximately 22% of our employees are located and reside in Israel and only 25% of our production lines are located in Israel. Those productions lines are located in Tel Aviv, which is one of our five global production facilities, and is where we primarily produce SPD nanoparticles and PDLC. To help mitigate the effects of the war on our Israeli operations, we have taken several measures, such as shelter-in-place and work-from-home measures. Such measures and government-imposed restrictions on movement and travel and other precautions taken to address the ongoing conflict may temporarily disrupt our management and employees' ability to effectively perform their daily tasks.

None of our production lines or capabilities have been impacted since the war broke out on October 7, 2023. We cannot currently predict the intensity or duration of Israel's war against Hamas, nor can we predict how future developments in this war will ultimately affect our business, operations and financial condition or Israel's economy in general.

Our commercial insurance does not cover losses that may occur as a result of events associated with war and terrorism. Although the Israeli government currently covers certain damages that are caused by terrorist attacks or acts of war, we cannot assure you that this government coverage will be maintained or that it will sufficiently cover our potential damages. Any losses or damages incurred by us could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Further, Israel and Israeli companies have been, from time to time, subjected to economic boycotts. Several countries still restrict business with Israel and with Israeli companies. These restrictive laws and policies may have an adverse impact on our financial condition, results of operations or the expansion of our business. A campaign of boycotts, divestment and sanctions has been undertaken against Israel, which could also adversely impact our business.